

# EGO/Virgo Visit

04 October 2022

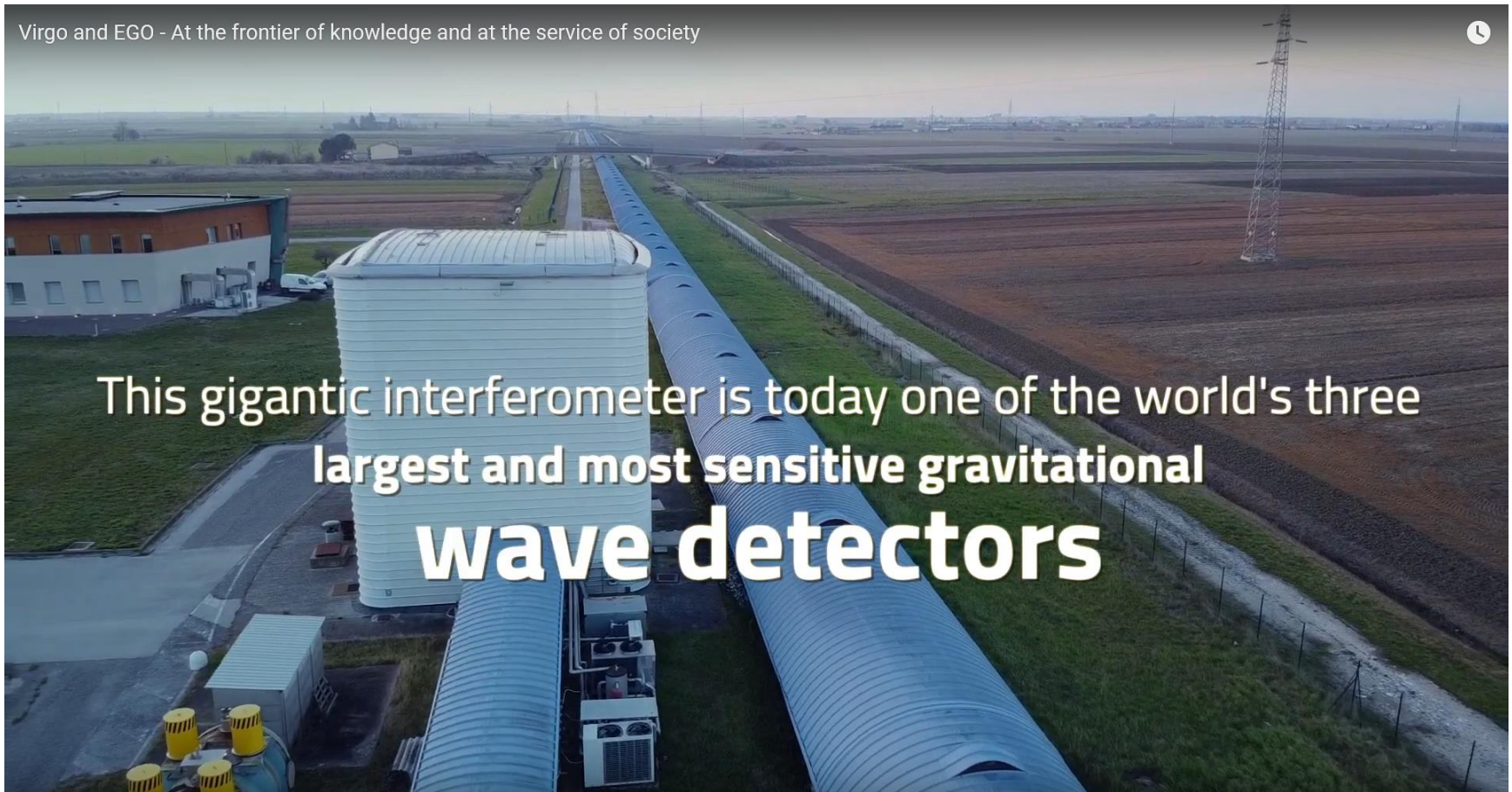
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European Gravitational Observatory (CNRS, INFN & NIKHEF Consortium)



# Visit teaser

- “**Virgo** and **EGO** - At the frontier of knowledge and at the service of society”
  - <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=HeiyXXsTOD0>



# Almost exactly 3 years ago...

- Good old **pre covid-19** times...

The screenshot shows a calendar interface for the year 2019. The title is "Visits 2019". Below the title, there is a date range "Jan 1, 2019, 12:00 AM → Dec 31, 2019, 11:59 PM" and the location "Europe/Rome". A location pin icon indicates "EGO (European Gravitational Observatory)". The date "TUESDAY, OCTOBER 1" is displayed in the center. Below this, a specific event is listed for "9:00 AM → 12:00 PM" titled "Visit of Danish (Aalborg) and Dutch (Boxtel) high-school groups". The event details include "Second guide: Gary Hemming" and "Speaker: Nicolas Arnaud (IJCLab & EGO)". Two document icons are shown below the event: "Gravitational w..." and "Visit introducti...". A clock icon with "3h" indicates the duration of the event.

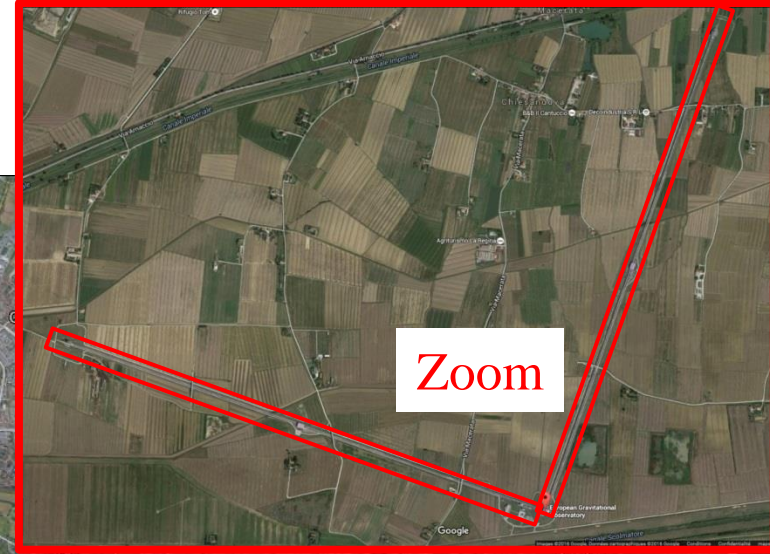
- **Do the high-schools know each other, or is this pure chance?**
  - If this is a **coincidence**, you should **consider starting exchange programs!** 😊



# EGO: the Virgo site

Leaning Tower of Pisa

Pisa airport  
Runway length: 3 km



Virgo

European Gravitational Observatory

**17-18 August 2017:**

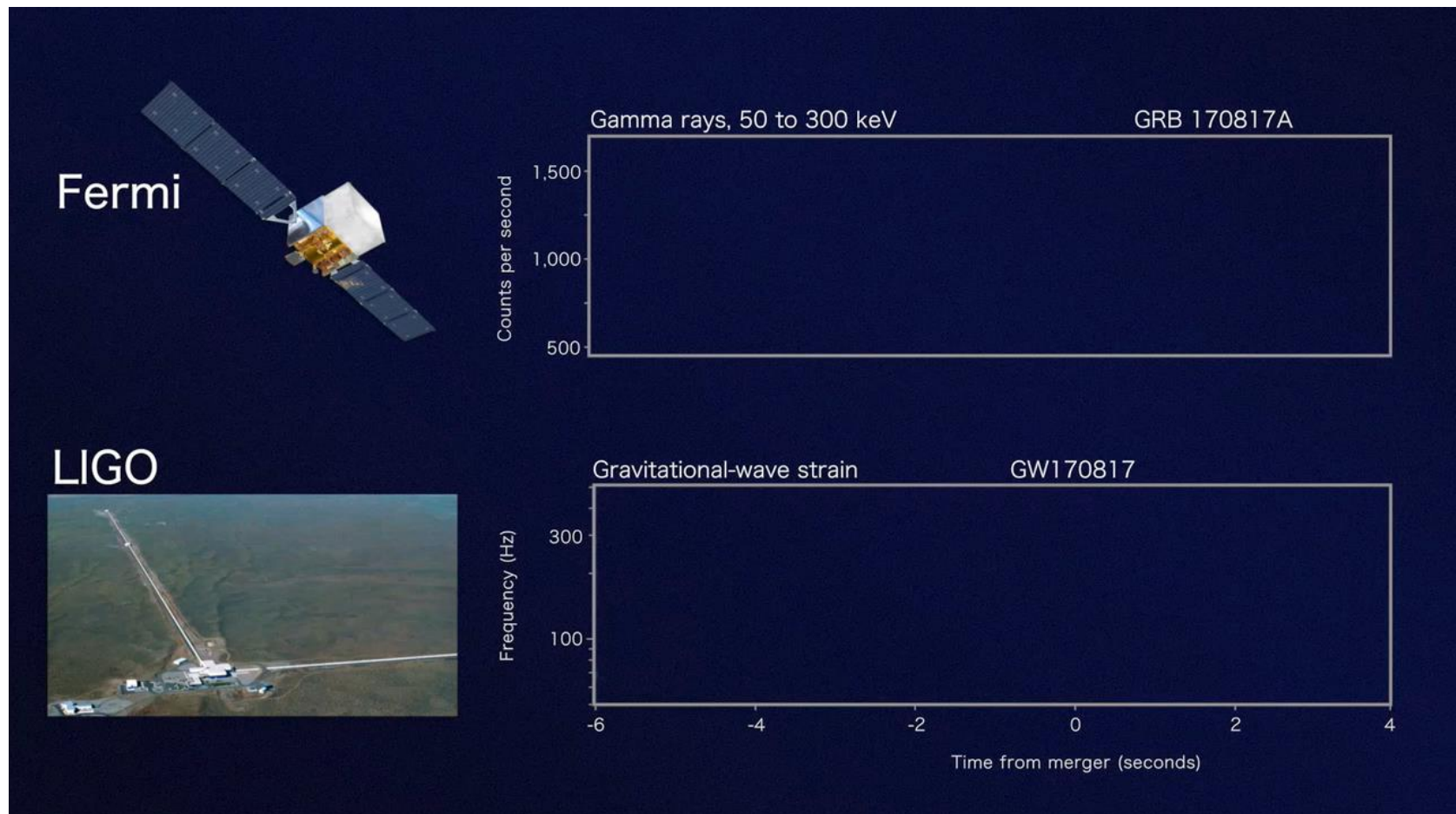
**12 quite extraordinary hours**

A long time ago in a galaxy far,  
far away....



# Thursday August 17, 2017 – 14:41 CEST

- Signals recorded within 1.7 second
  - LIGO (gravitational waves) first
  - Then the GBM instrument (gamma ray burst) on board the Fermi satellite



# Later the same day...

- 19:55 CEST
  - 5 hours later...
- LIGO-Virgo localisation
  - Position in the sky:  
28 square degrees
  - Estimation of the  
distance to the source

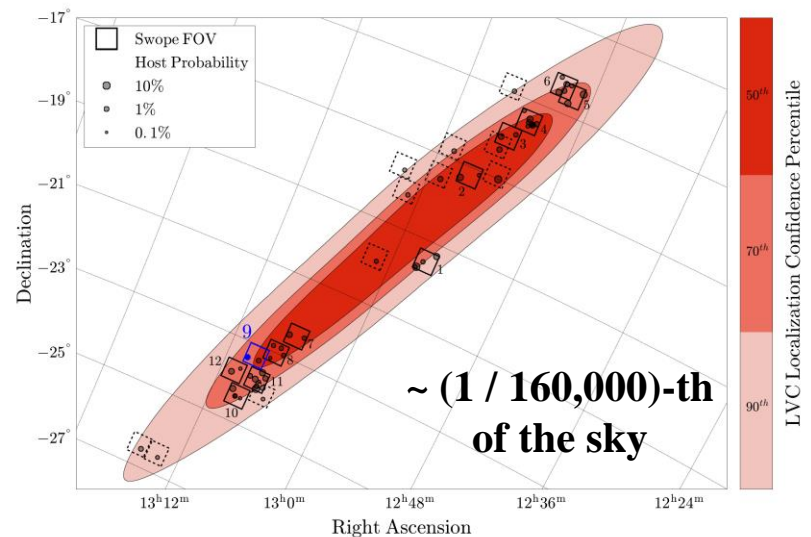
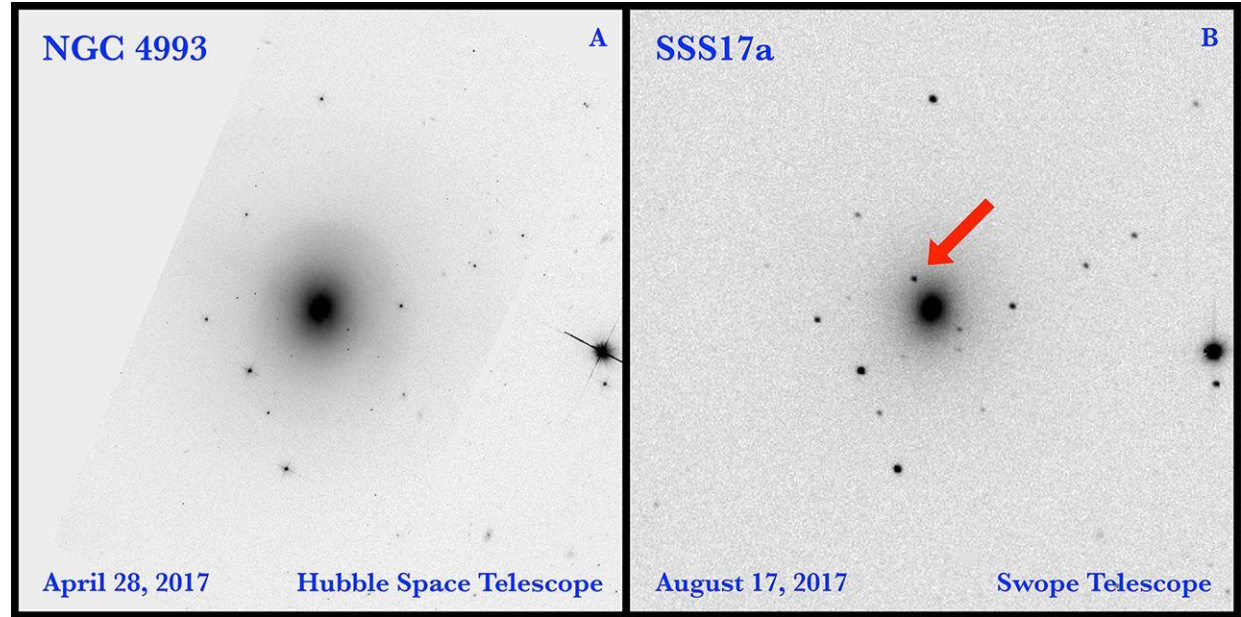




# The following night...

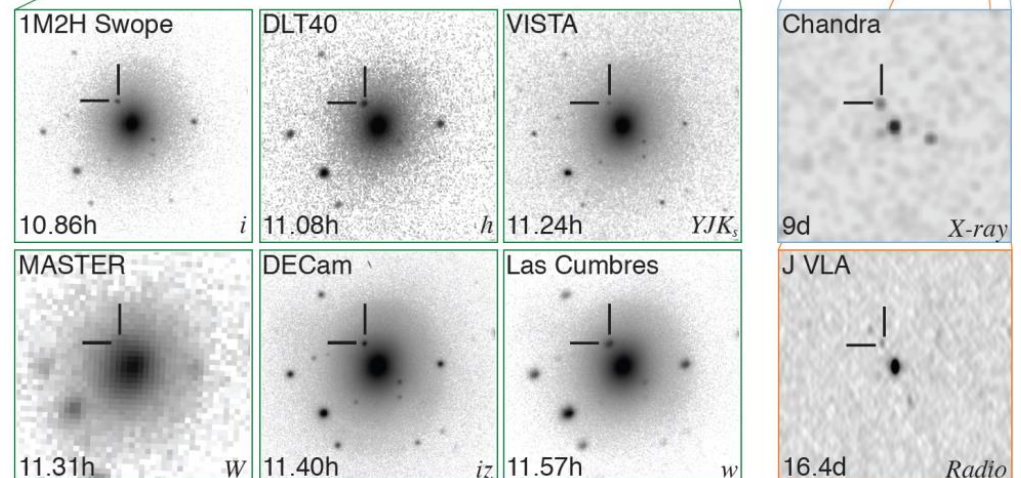
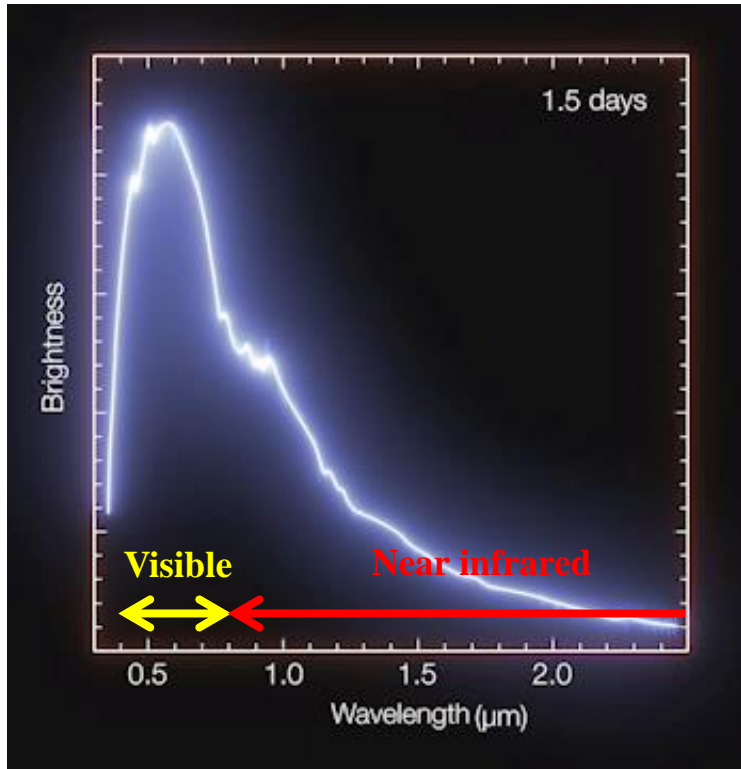
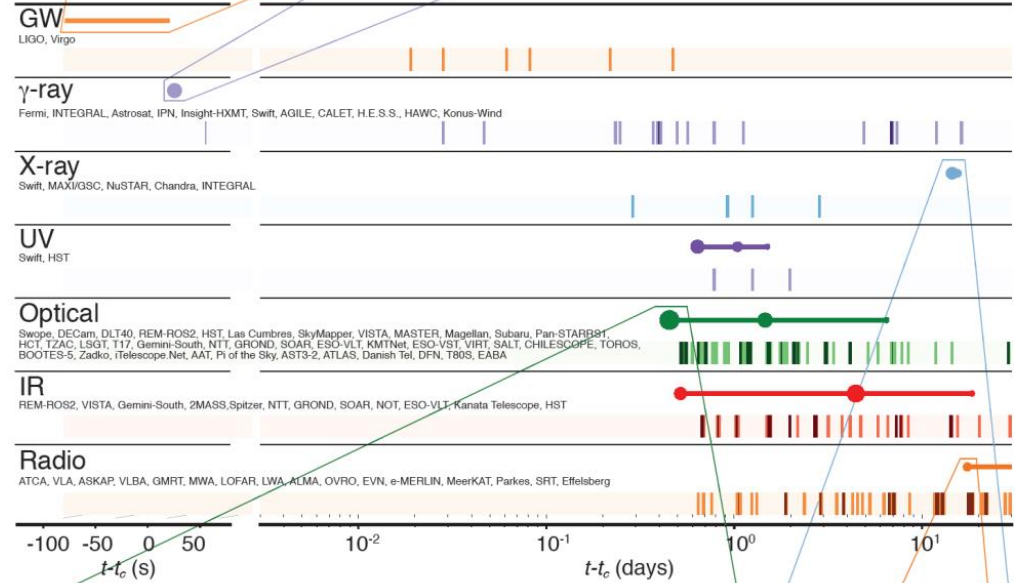
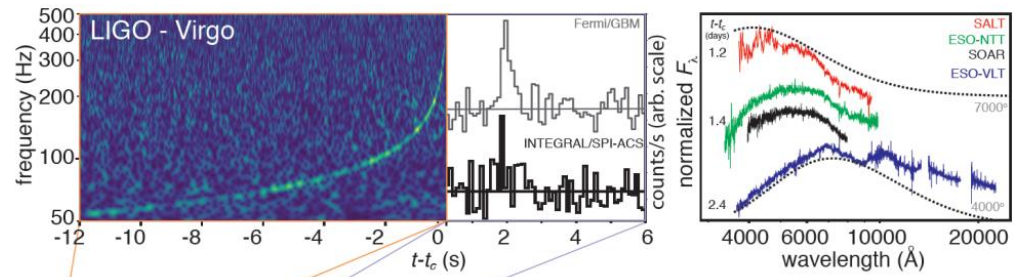
- 2017/08/18  
01:33 CEST

→ Discovery of the optical counterpart by the SWOPE telescope in Chile



# Multi-messenger Astronomy

- Gravitational waves,
- gamma-ray burst,
- the whole electromagnetic spectrum



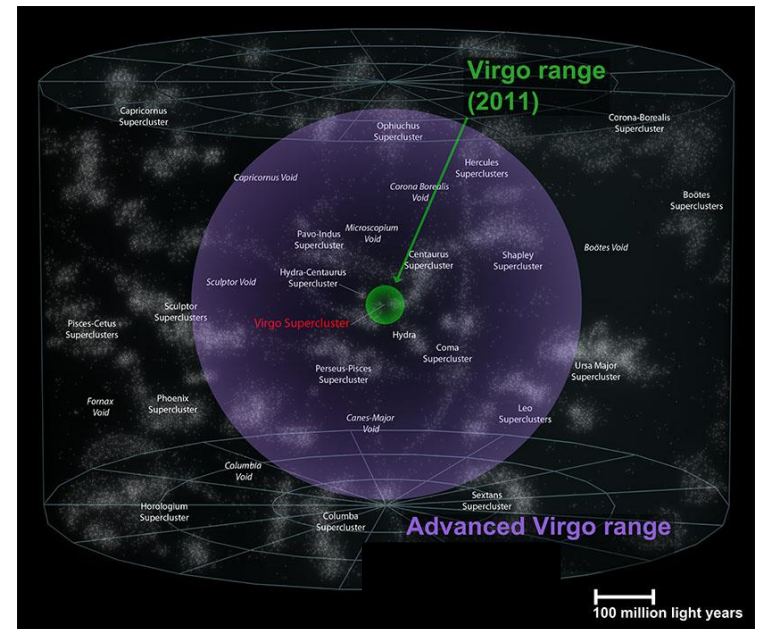
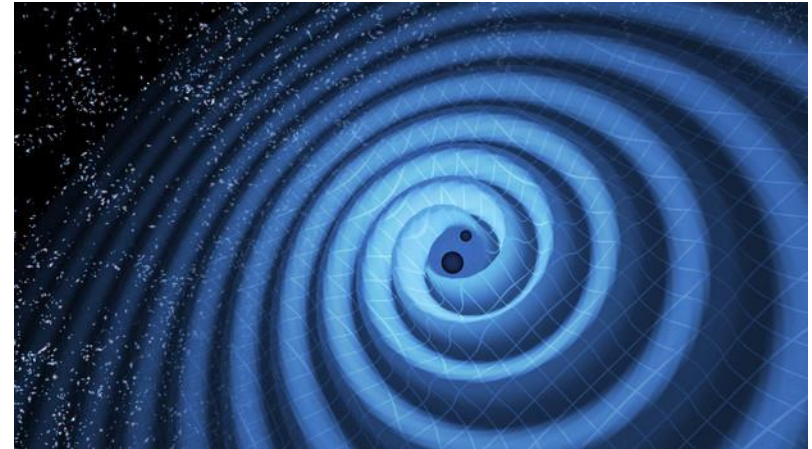
# Detecting gravitational waves

*Thanks to the many colleagues from the LAL (now IJCLab) Virgo group,  
Virgo and LIGO, from which I borrowed ideas and material for this talk*



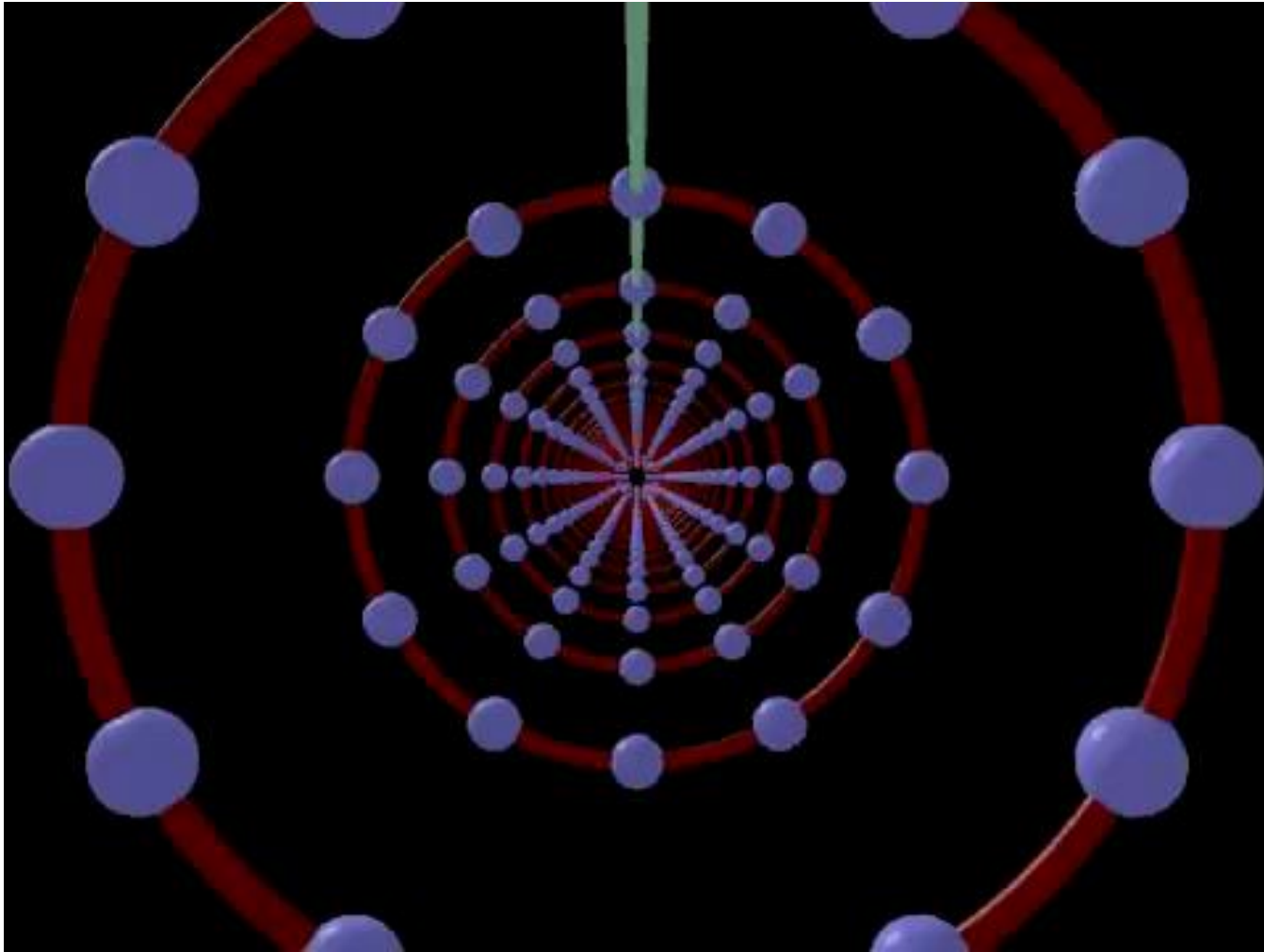
# Gravitational waves

- One of the first predictions (1916) of general relativity (1915)
    - Accelerated masses induce perturbations of the spacetime that propagate at the speed of light
  - No gravitational wave (GW) emission if the source is axisymmetrical
    - A « good » source must have an asymmetrical mass distribution
  - GW amplitude  $h$ 
    - Dimensionless
    - Scales down like  $1/(\text{distance to source})$
  - Detectors are directly sensitive to  $h$
- Factor 2 (10) gain in sensitivity  
⇔ Gain of a factor 2 (10) in distance  
⇔ Observable Universe volume scales by a factor 8 (1000)



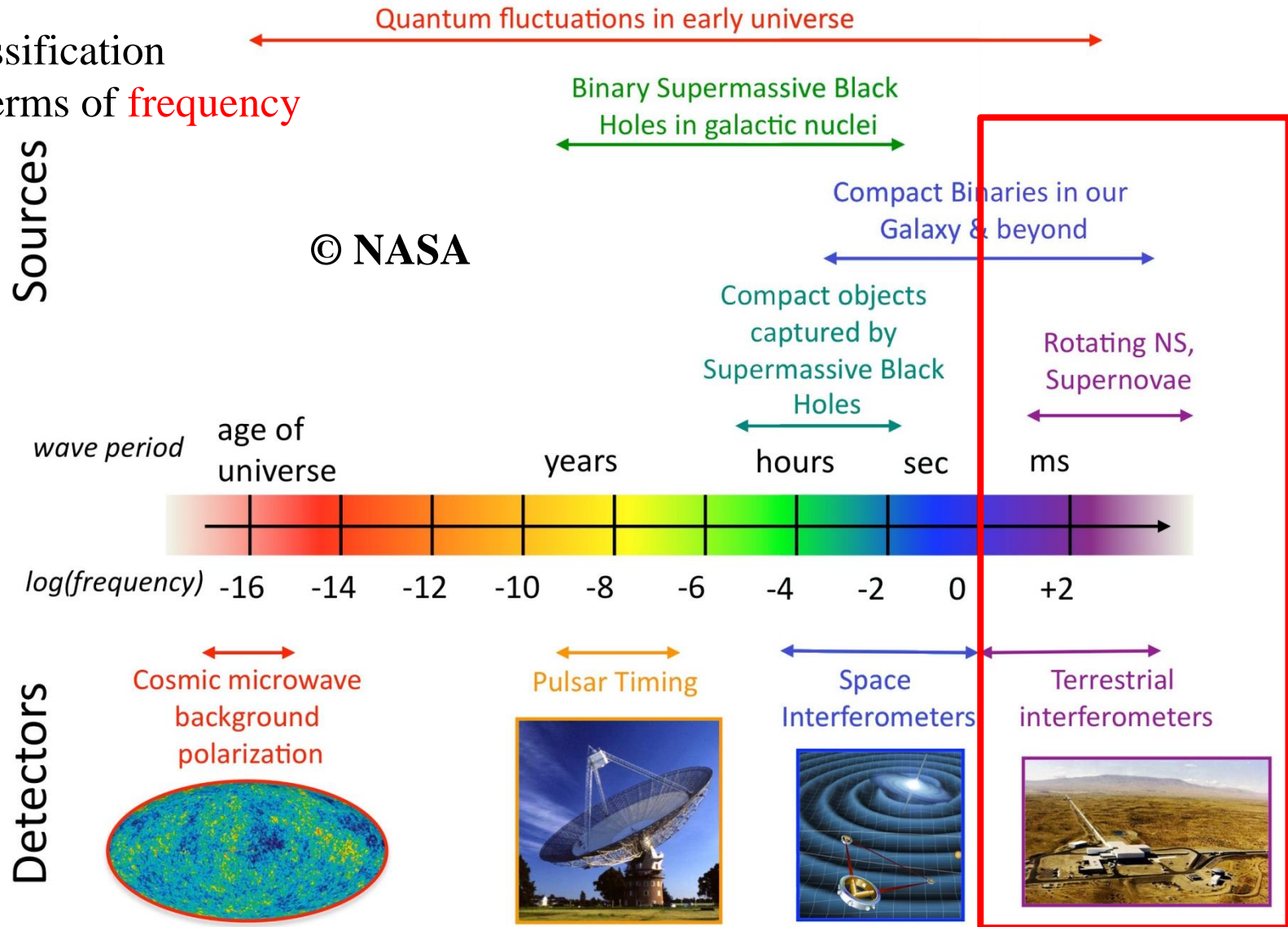
# Effect of gravitational waves on test masses

- In 3D



# Gravitational wave spectrum

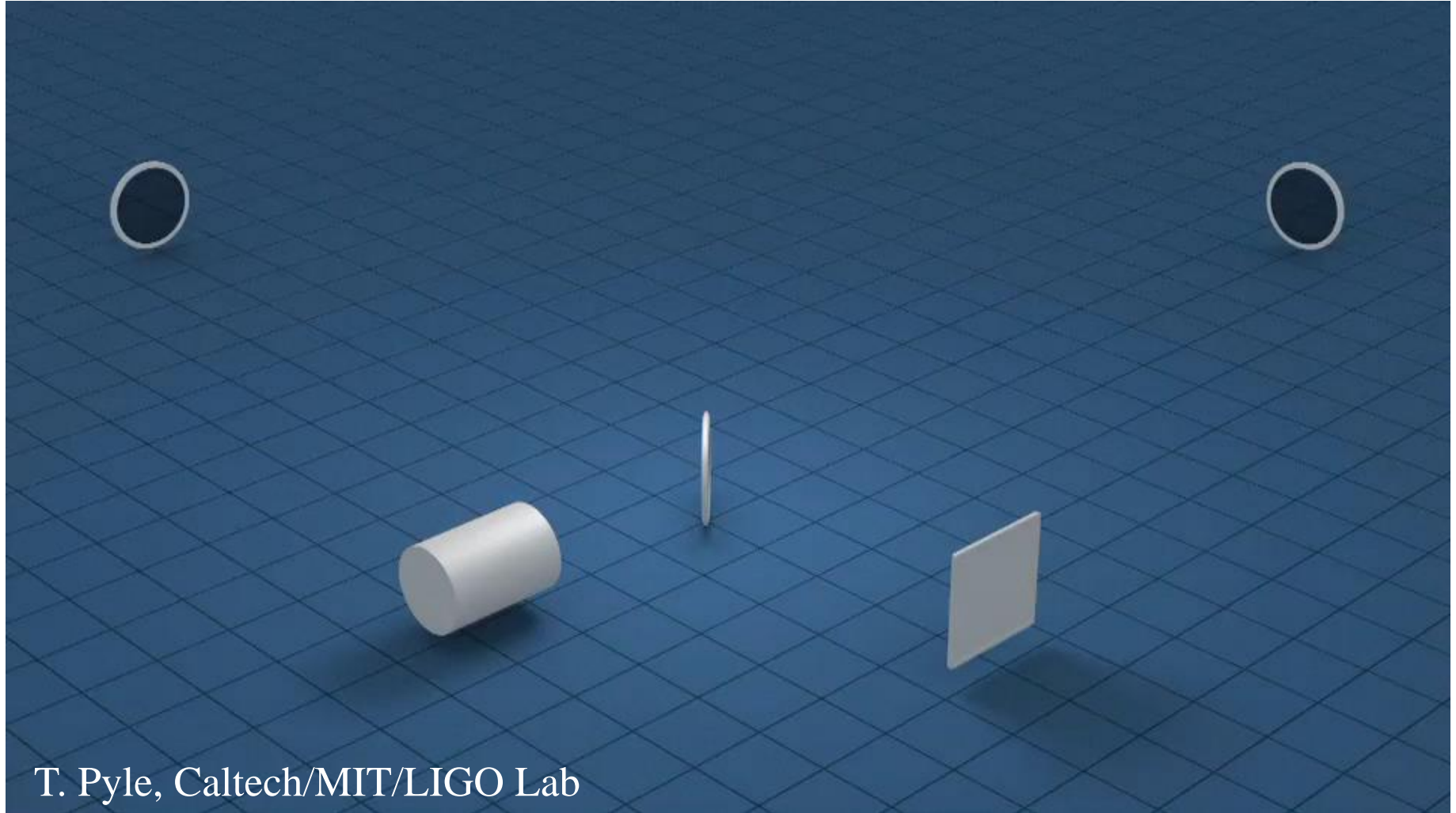
- Classification in terms of **frequency**



LIGO, Virgo, etc.



# An interferometer in a nutshell

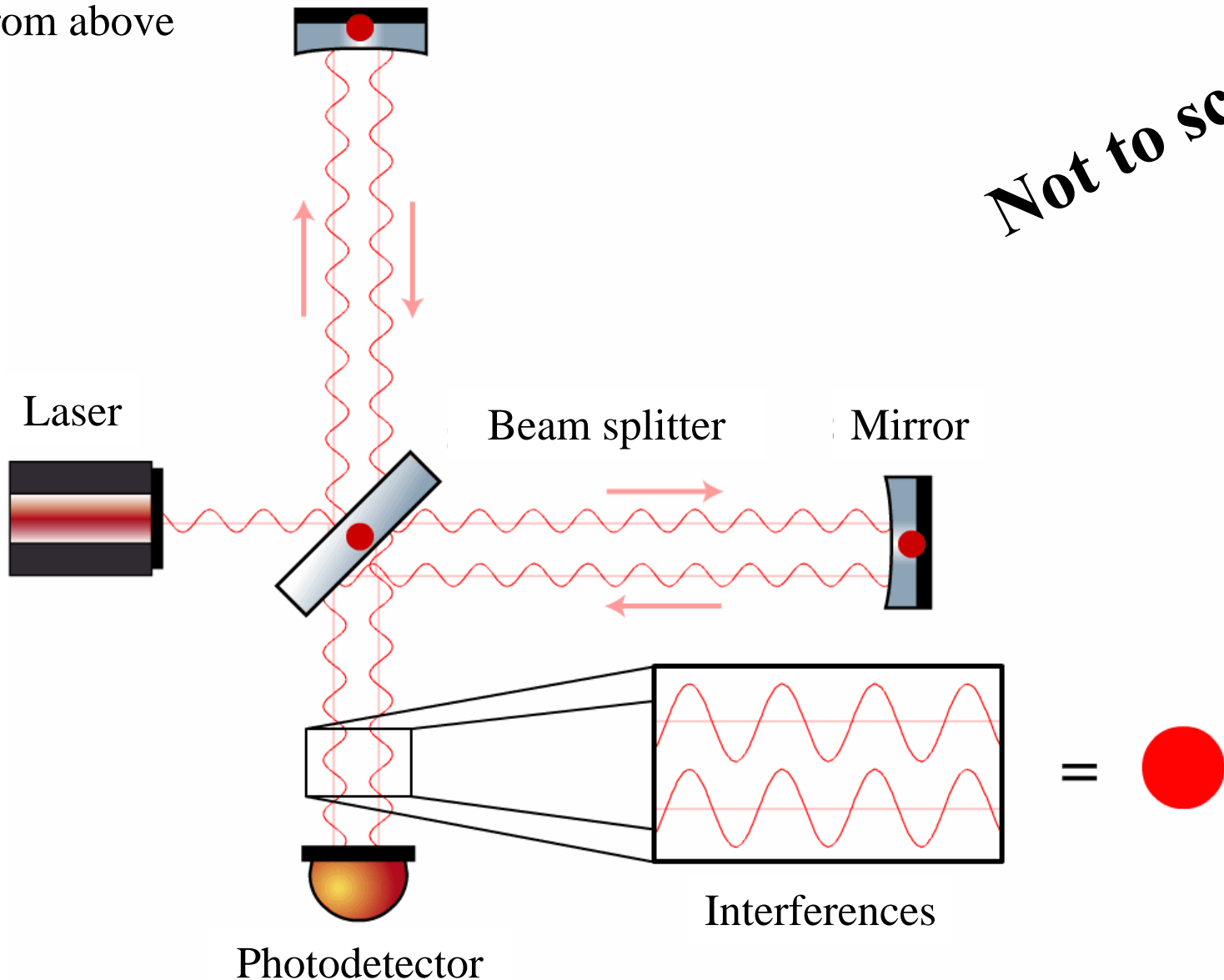


**Sensitivity**  $\propto 1 / (\text{arm length}) / \sqrt{(\text{laser power})}$

As small as possible

# An interferometer in a nutshell

- From above

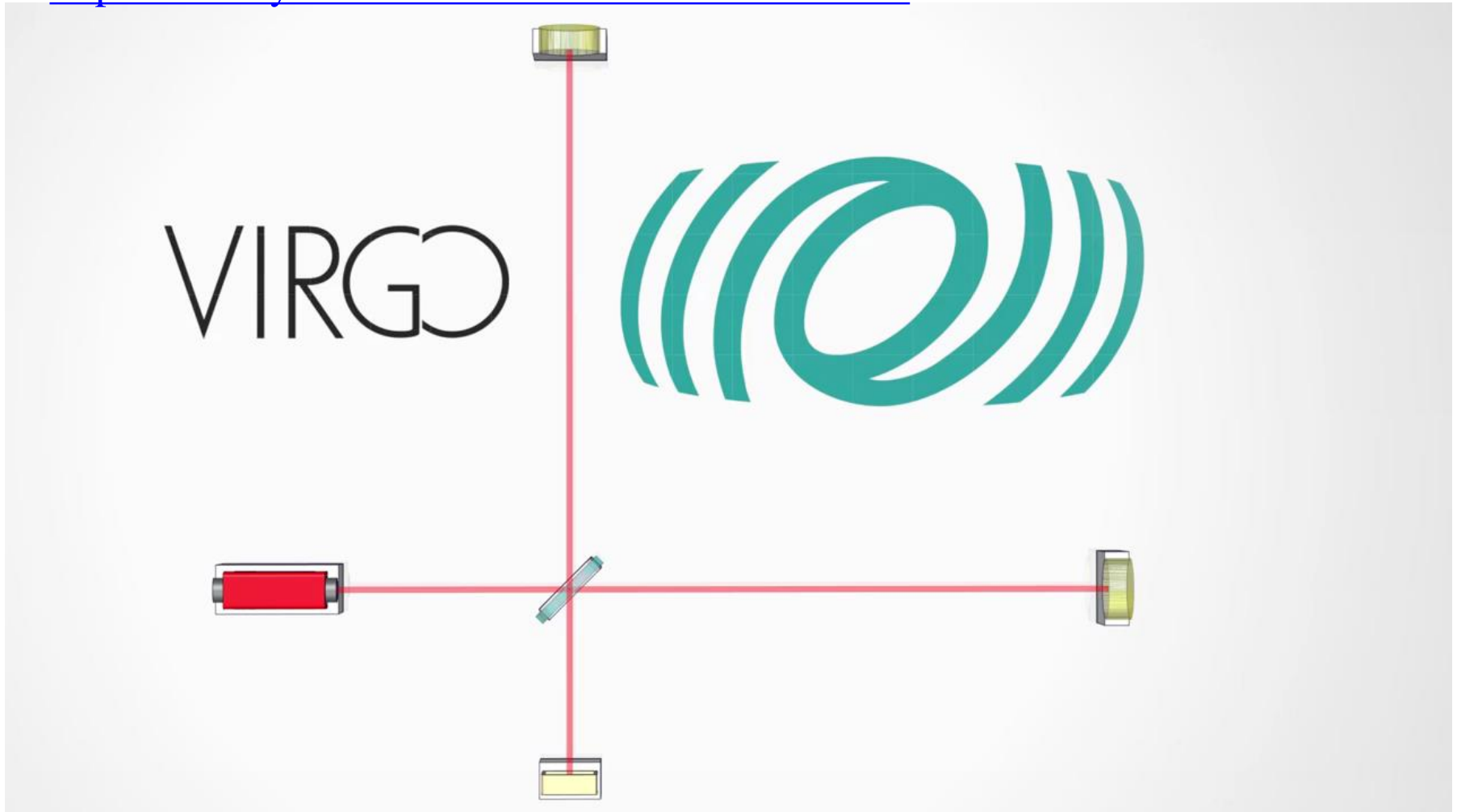






# The Advanced Virgo detector revealed

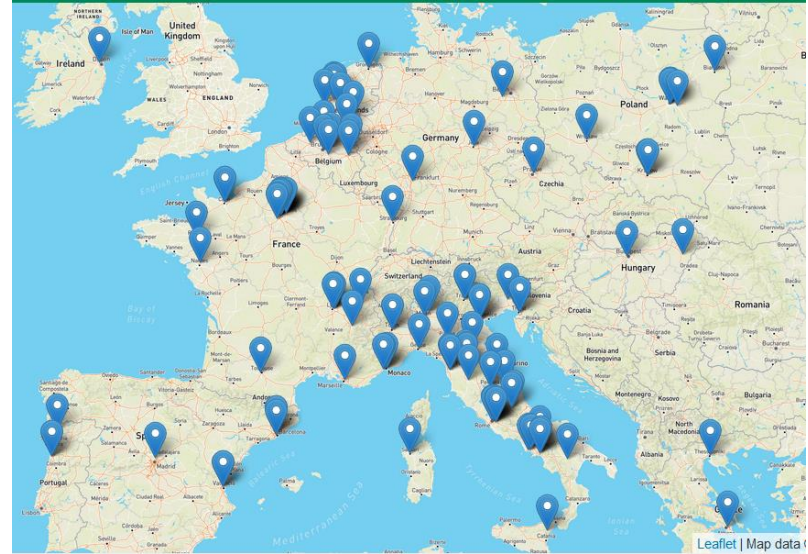
- Animation by Marco Kraan, NIKHEF
  - <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=6raomYII9P4>



**Virgo, LIGO and co.**

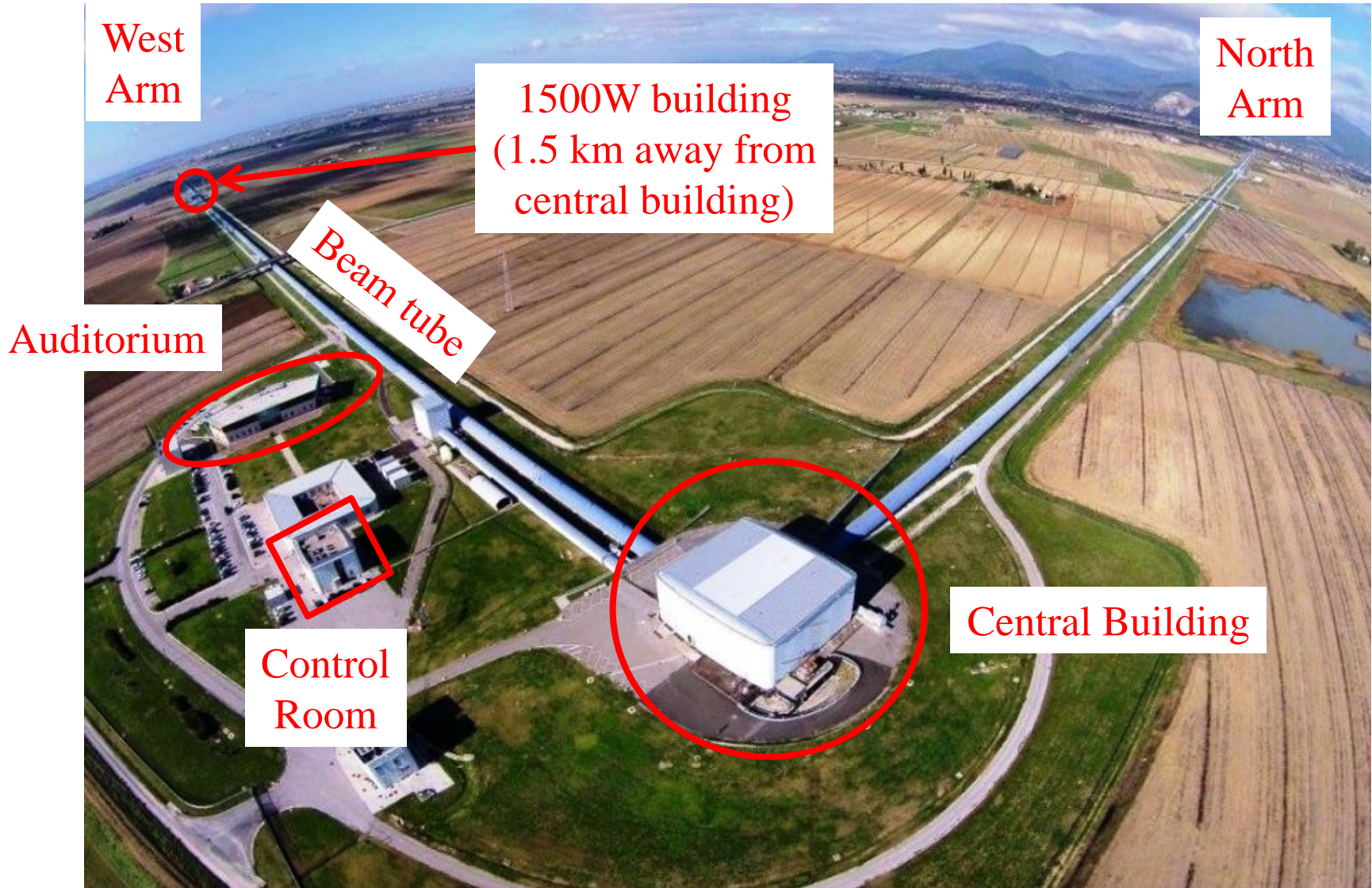
# The Virgo Collaboration

- A **recent snapshot**
  - Possibly (slightly) outdated
- ~800 members
  - Among which ~450 authors
- Representing ~140 institutions from 15 countries
- **9 countries** represented in the Virgo governance board
  - ~35 groups total



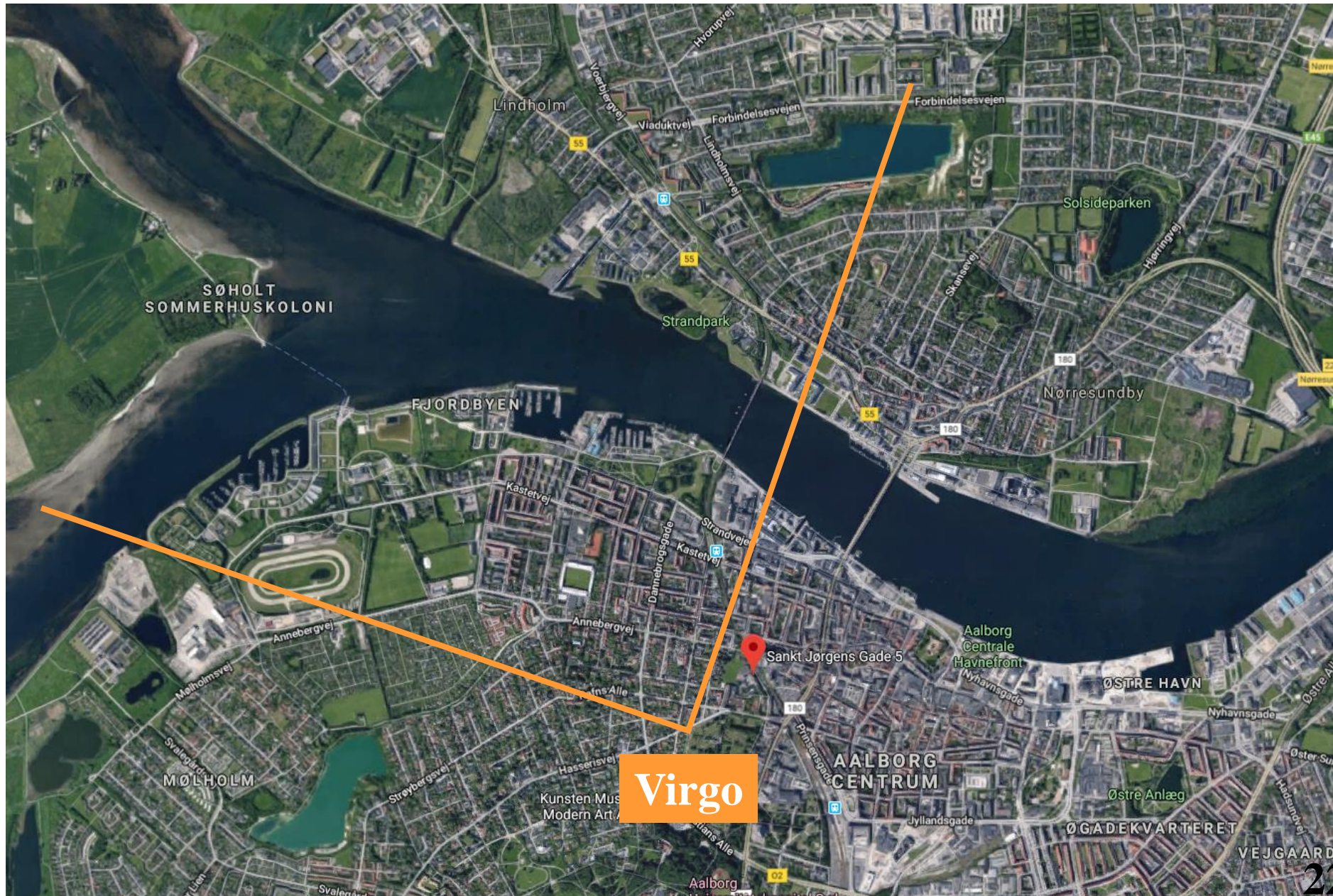


# Virgo from the sky





# If Virgo were located in Aalborg (DK)...





# If Virgo were located in Boxtel (NL)...





# A network of interferometric detectors



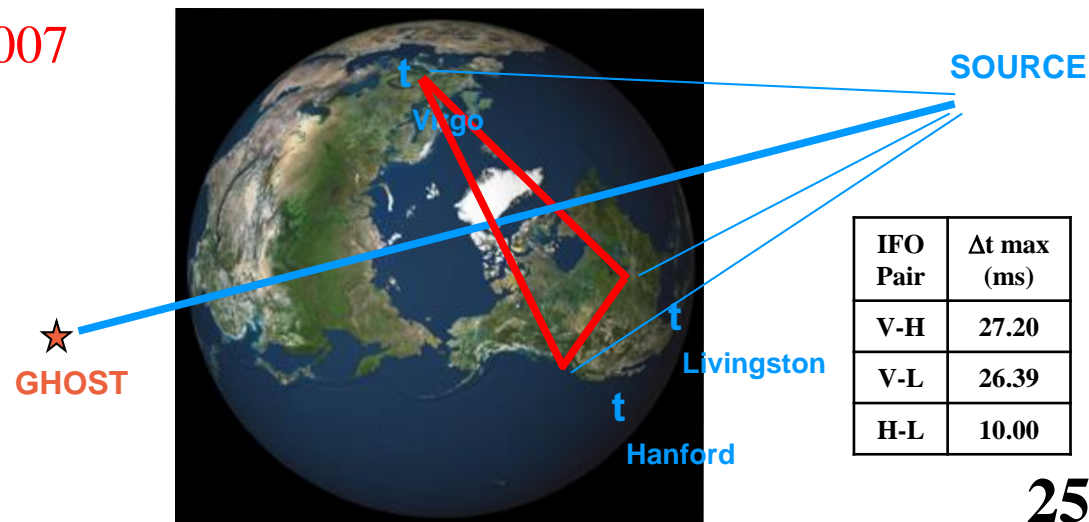
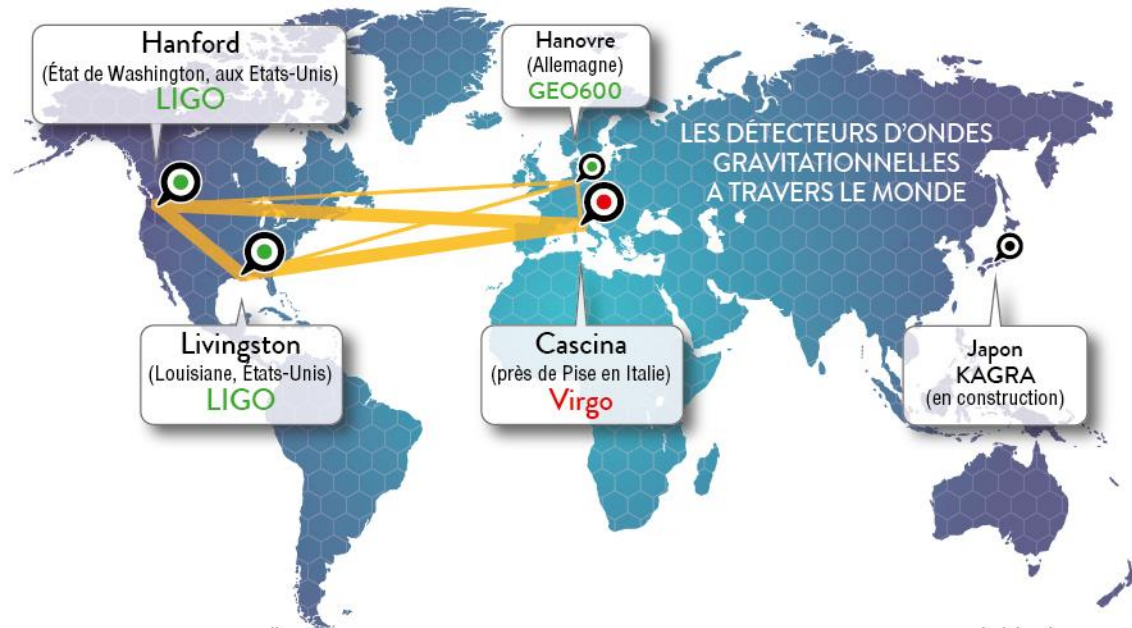


# A network of interferometric detectors

- A single interferometer is not enough to detect GW
  - Difficult to separate a signal from noise confidently
  - There have been unconfirmed claims of GW detection

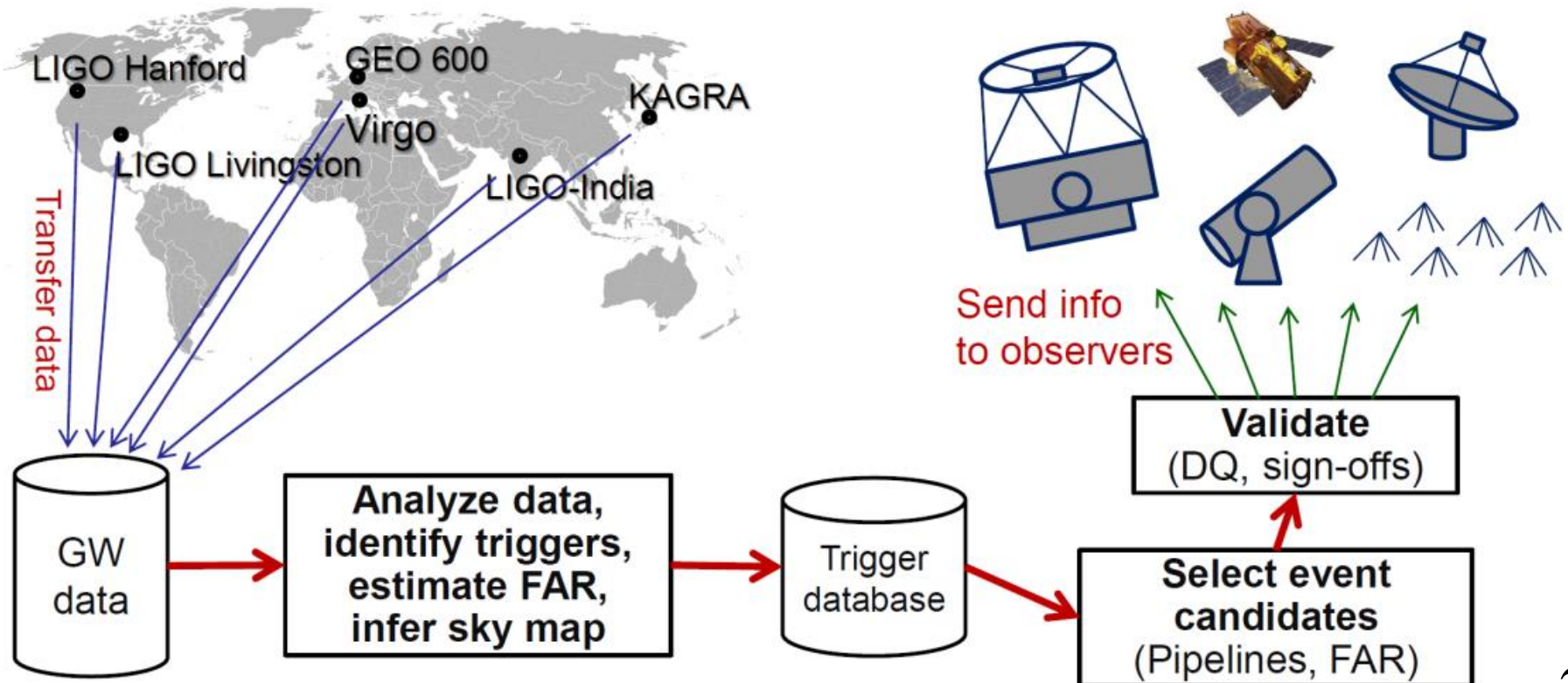
→ Need to use a network of interferometers

- Agreements (MOUs) between the different projects – **Virgo/LIGO: 2007**
  - Share data, common analysis, publish together
- IFO: non-directional detectors; non-uniform response in the sky
- **Threefold detection: reconstruct source location in the sky**



# A network of partners

- **Search for counterparts** of the gravitational wave signal
    - Electromagnetism
    - Neutrinos
    - Particles
- } Tens of partner telescopes



# 1916-2022: a century of progress

- **1916: GW prediction (Einstein)**

## **1957: Chapel Hill Conference**

- **1963: rotating BH solution (Kerr)**

- **1990's: CBC PN expansion**  
(Blanchet, Damour, Deruelle, Iyer, Will, Wiseman, etc.)
- **2000: BBH effective one-body approach** (Buonanno, Damour)
- **2006: BBH merger simulation**  
(Baker, Lousto, Pretorius, etc.)

*Theory*

*Experiment*

(Bondi, Feynman, Pirani, etc.)

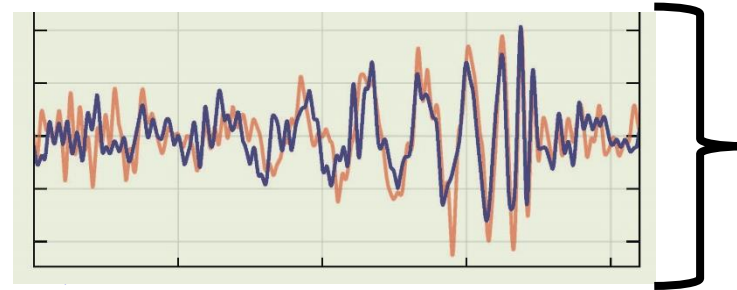
- **1960's: first Weber bars**
- **1970: first IFO prototype** (Forward)
- **1972: IFO design studies** (Weiss)
- **1974: PSRB 1913+16** (Hulse & Taylor)
- **1980's: IFO prototypes (10m-long)**  
(Caltech, Garching, Glasgow, Orsay)  
→ **End of 1980's: Virgo** (Brillet, Giazotto)  
and **LIGO proposals**
- **1990's: LIGO and Virgo funded**
- **2005-2011: initial IFO « science » » runs**
- **2007: LIGO-Virgo MoU**
- **First half of the 2010's: Upgrades**
- **2015: First Advanced LIGO run**
- **2017: First Advanced Virgo run**
- ...

} **First GW  
Detections**



# September 14, 2015, 11:51 CEST

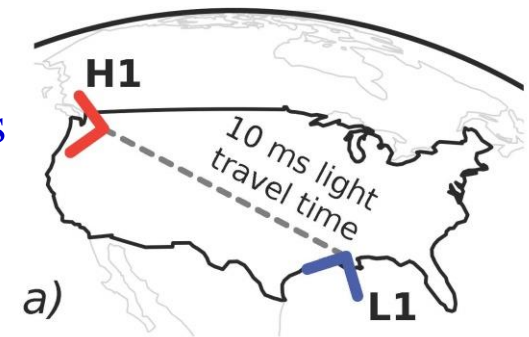
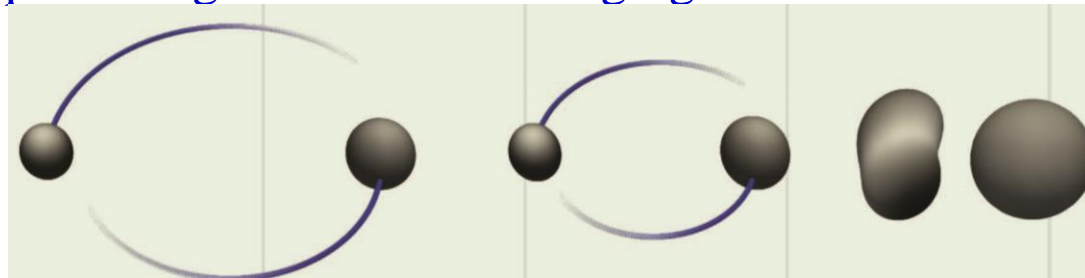
- Signal observed in the two LIGO detectors with a 7 ms delay
  - Extremely short ( $< 1$  s)
  - Very strong
    - With respect to the instrumental noise
    - Very weak in absolute terms
- Expected signature for the merging of 2 stellar black holes



Event called

**GW150914:**

- **Gravitational wave**
- **2015**
- **September**
- **14**



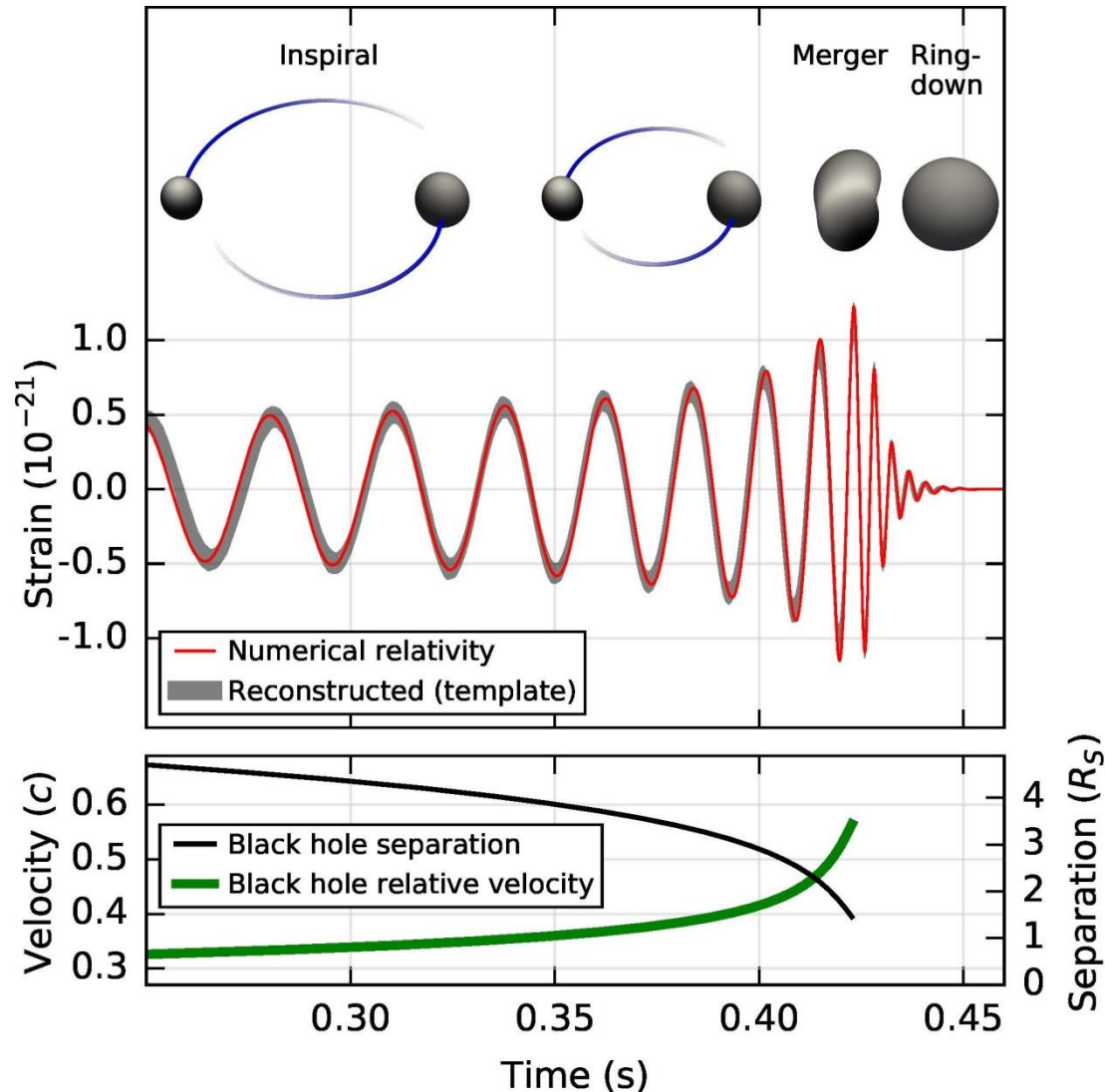


# Why two black holes?

- **Result of matched filtering!**
  - Excellent match between the best template and the measured signal
- Two massive compact objects orbiting around each other at 75 Hz (half the GW frequency), hence at **relativistic speed**, and getting **very close** before the merging: only a few  $R_S$  away!

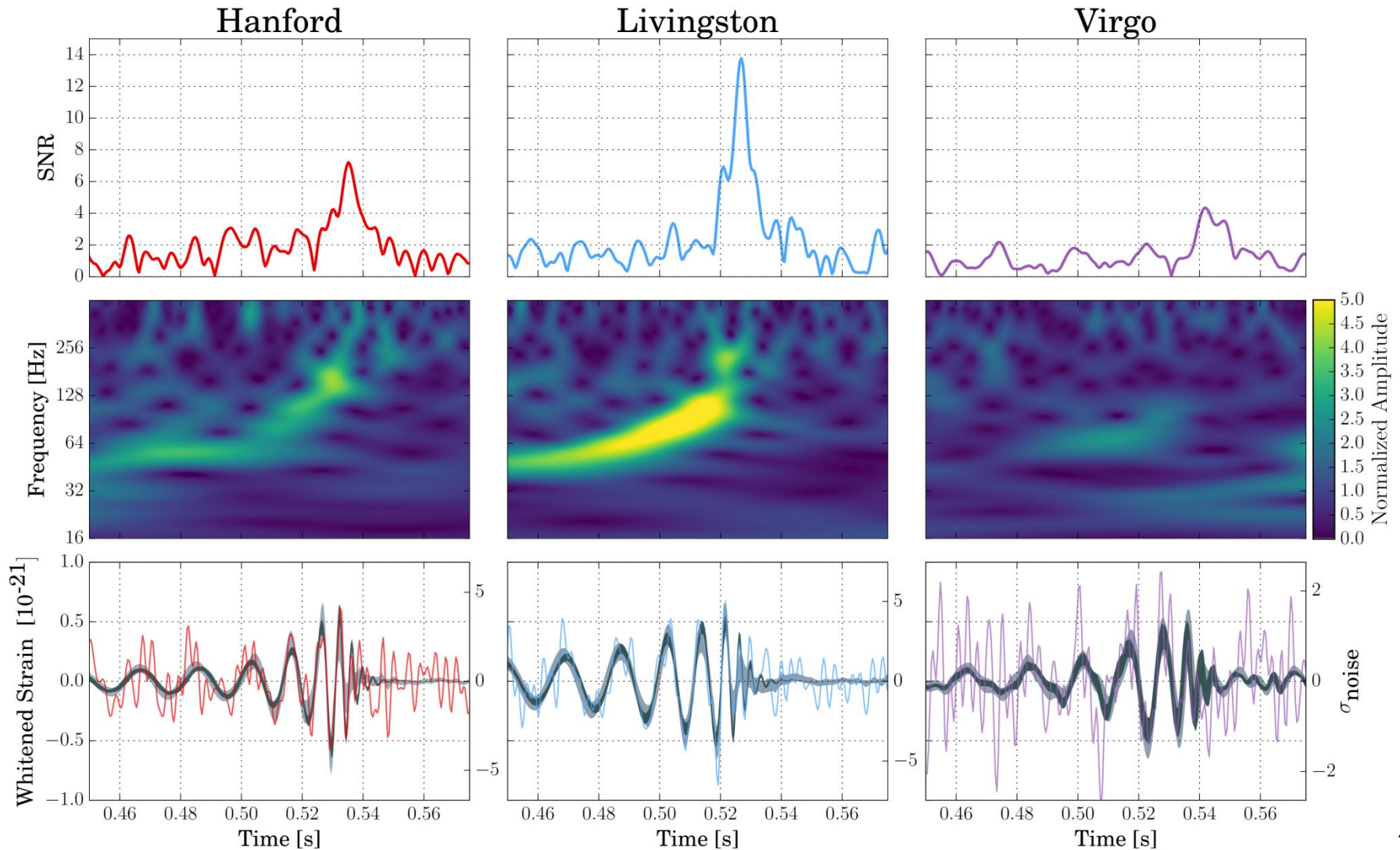
→ Black holes are the only known objects which can fit this picture

- **About  $3 M_{\text{Sun}}$  radiated in GW**
- **The « brightest » event ever seen**
  - More powerful than any gamma-ray burst detected so far
  - Peak power larger than 10 times the power emitted by the visible Universe



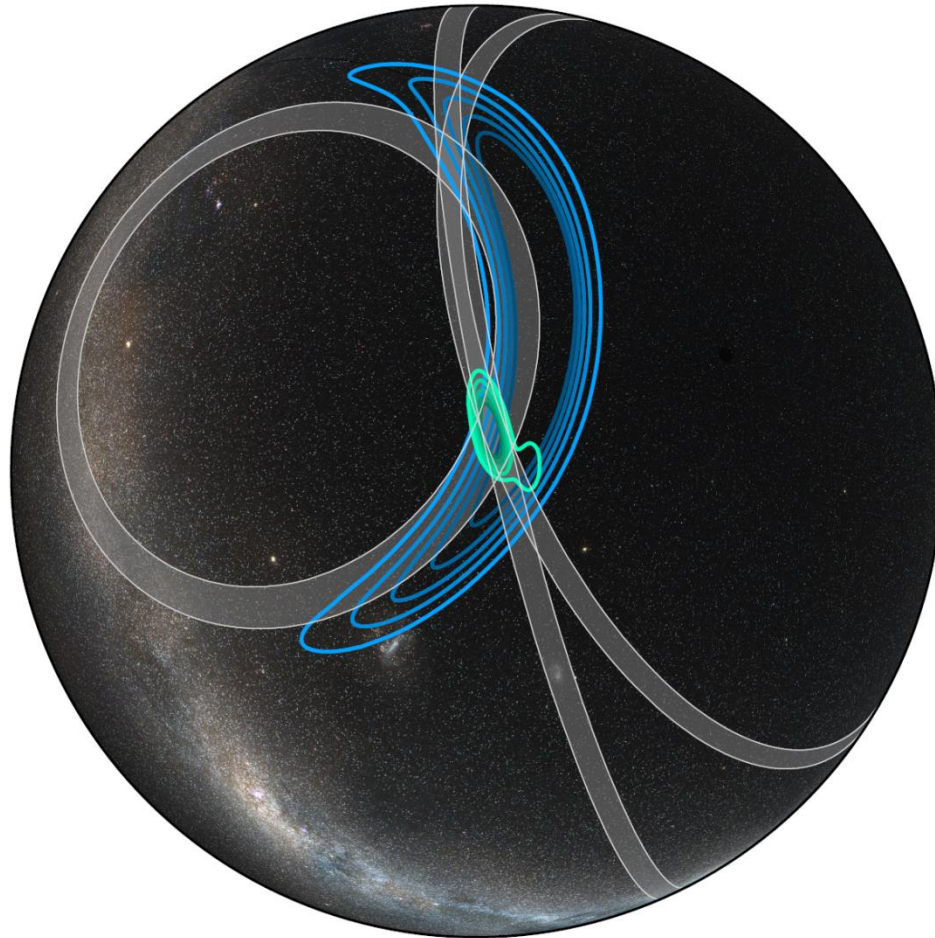
# GW170814: first 3-detector signal

- Detailed studies confirm **evidence of a signal in the Virgo detector**



# GW170814: LIGO-Virgo sky localization

- **Triangulation**
  - Delays in the signal arrival time between detectors
  - Difference in shape and amplitude for the detected signals



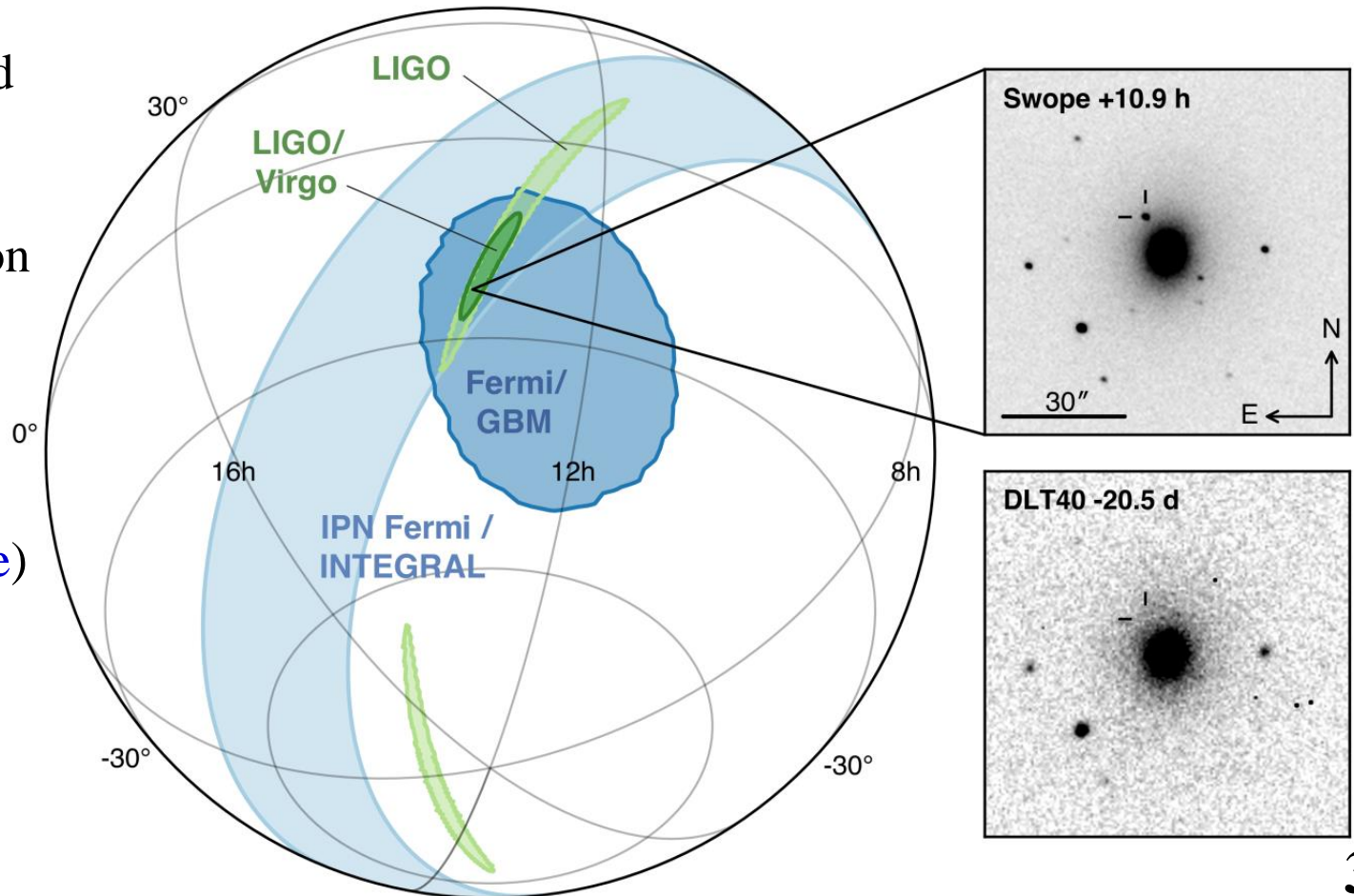


# Sky localizations & source position

- Combined Signal / Noise Ratio of 32.4
- Source close to one of the Virgo blind spots

→ Accurate sky localization sent at 19:55 CEST (+ 05:14 after GW was recorded)

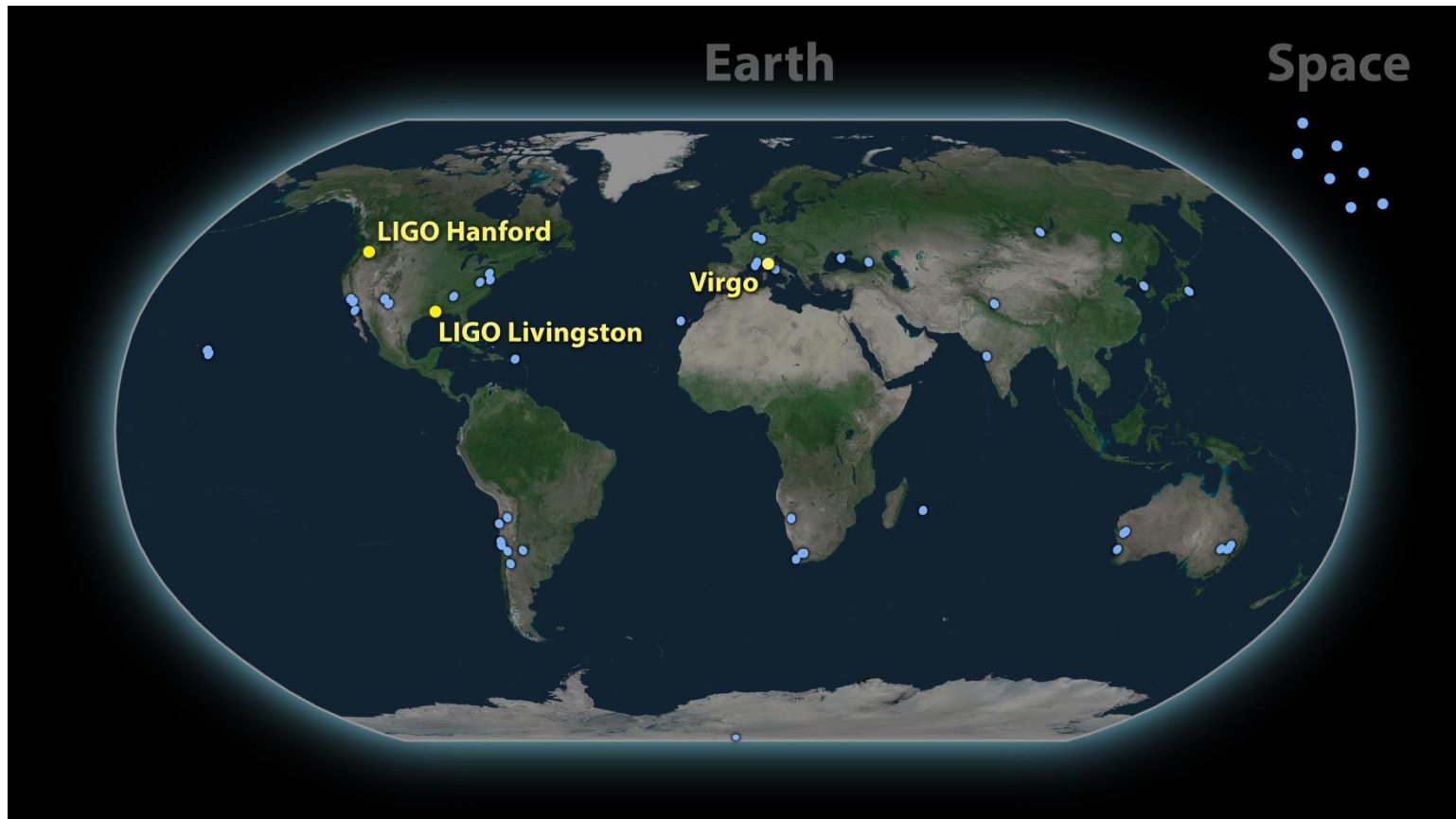
- Green: LIGO and LIGO + Virgo
- Blue : information from gamma ray burst satellites
- Optical discovery (Swope)





# Worldwide astronomy

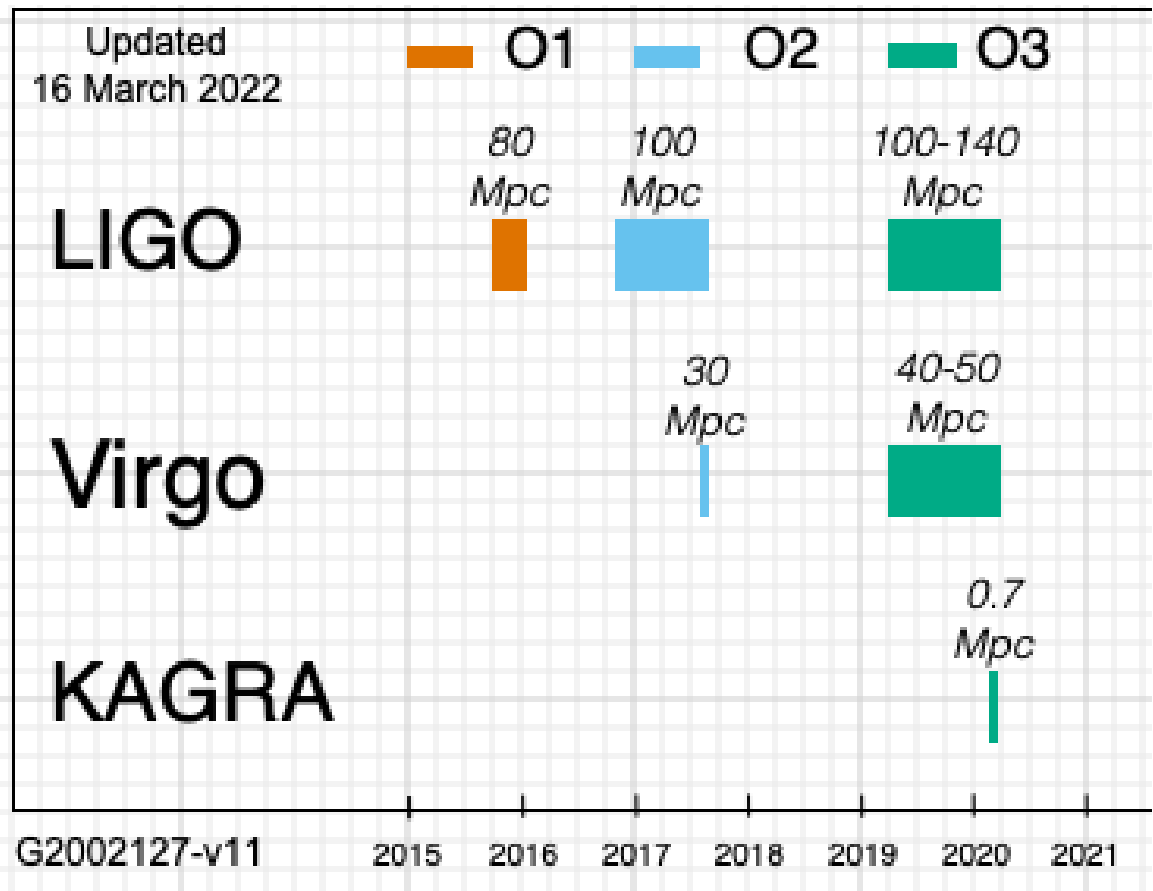
- Three gravitational-wave detectors
- Tens of partner observatories



# The LIGO-Virgo O3 run

- **O1** April 2019 → 27 March 2020
  - 1 month commissioning break: **October 2019**
  - Ended 1 month earlier than anticipated due to the **covid-19 pandemic**

- **Ox**: Observing Run x
  - **O1**: LIGO detectors
  - **O2**: Mostly LIGO, Virgo in August'17
  - **O3**: LIGO-Virgo

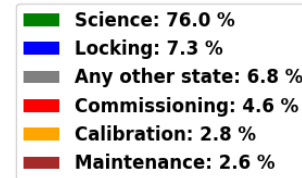
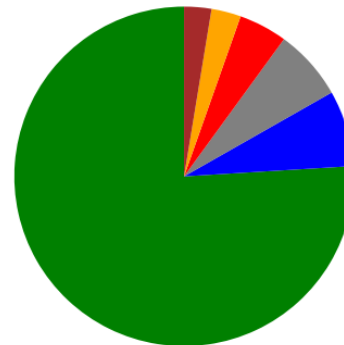
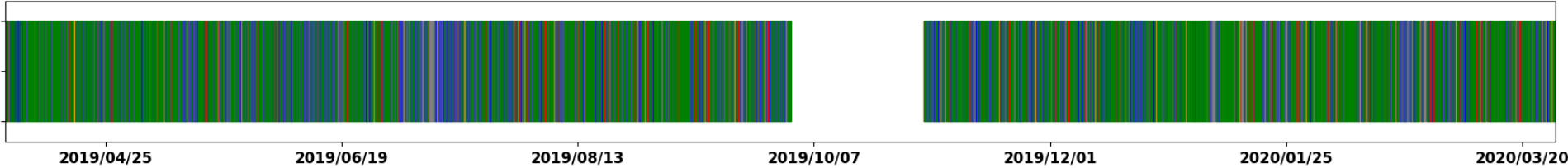


- 
- **O4**: Should be **LIGO** + **Virgo** + **KAGRA**

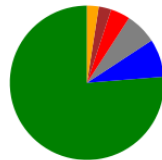
# The LIGO-Virgo O3 run

- Virgo duty cycle over O3

Status of Advanced Virgo during O3: 2019/04/01 -> 2020/03/27

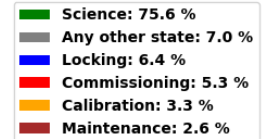
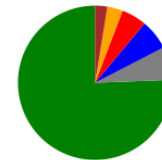


O3a: 2019/04/01 -> 2019/10/01



Advanced Virgo in O3

O3b: 2019/11/01 -> 2020/03/27







# To be continued...

- **Observing plans:** <https://www.ligo.org/scientists/GWEMalerts.php>

(15 September 2022 update; next update by 15 November 2022)

LIGO, Virgo, and KAGRA are closely coordinating to start the O4 Observing run together. As a result of the most recent evaluation of the schedule for O4 readiness, we project to start the O4 Observing Run in March 2023, with an Engineering Run to start one month before the observing run begins; low-latency alerts for candidate events identified during engineering time may be released, both to exercise the system and to exploit their scientific value.

