I E G O GRAVITATIONAL OBSERVATORY



Interferometer Sensing and Control

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Detection principle

- → Differential effect → Michelson interferometer
- → Free test masses → Suspended mirrors

Interference depends on the phase difference between the Michelson arms→ <u>sensitive to length difference</u>





$$\delta \phi = \frac{2\pi}{\lambda} \delta L$$



Change on the detected power $$\delta P_{det}$$

Optical Layout





IMPROVEMENTS:

- Fabry-Perot cavities in the arms of the Michelson
 (3 km) → increase the optical path
- Power Recycling Cavity → increases the effective input power
- Signal Recycling Cavity → recycles the gravitational waves signals

4 Optical cavities suspended and coupled

Working point

- Optical cavity: allows light to circulate in a closed path
- → Resonance: maximum power resonating inside the cavity
- → Optical Gain: quantifies the quality factor of the cavity



Signal Recycling Cavity OG ~ 12

Working point of maximum sensitivity:

- \rightarrow Arm cavities, PRC and SRC \rightarrow *Resonance*
- → Michelson → Dark Fringe

Interferometer Sensing and Control

TARGET:

Bring the interferometer to its working point in a reliable and controlled way

PROBLEM:

→ Residual seismic noise (~1 μ m rms, ~1 μ m/s) moves the mirrors both angularly and longitudinally → working point of each DOF is crossed in a random way

→ Active control is necessary to keep the ITF at its working point

- → Information about the mirror movement: optical sensors
- → Digital processing of this information in real time
- → Actuate on the suspensions accordingly

Longitudinal DOFs

5 Longitudinal Degrees Of Freedom:

- MICH: Lx Ly
- PRCL: L_{PR} + (Lx + Ly) / 2
- SRCL: L_{SR} + (Lx + Ly) / 2
- CARM: Ln + Lw / 2
- DARM: Ln Lw / 2

From these definition we can estimate the maximum residual motion of each DOF not to spoil the sensitivity



Angular DOFs

→ There are (6 mirror angular DOFs + 2 input beam angular DOFs) x 2 symmetry planes = 16 1

- BS mirror tilt
- PR mirror tilt
- Cavities tilt (+):
- Comm and Diff
- Cavities shift (-):
 Comm and Diff





Error signals

- → Error signal: provides information about how far is the cavity length from the resonance position
 - → We need to extract information about the *laser phase*
- → Phase modulation: create sidebands around the carrier ($ω_0$) at ± the modulation frequency, Ω.
- → The modulation frequencies are chosen to be anti-resonant → act as a reference
- → Error signal → beat note between carrier and non-resonant sidebands



Control strategy

→ The DOFs are very coupled due to the Recycling Cavities and their working point is crossed randomly → their control can not be engaged simultaneously

→ Try to simplify the optical configuration by removing degrees of freedom

→ The addition of the SR mirror forced us to implement a new control strategy based on the use of Auxiliary Lasers



Auxiliary Lasers

Auxiliary Lasers -> a pick-off of the main laser, propagated through an optical fiber 3kms and then doubled in frequency in the terminal buildings (green light!)

- The Auxiliary Lasers allow to keep the arm cavities on resonance for the green but far from resonance for the main laser → this "removes" 2 dofs
- 2. The remaining dofs, the Central Interferometer: *MICH, PRCL, SRCL,* can be controlled **simultaneously**
- At this point the 5 dofs are under control → arms are brought to resonance for the main laser → passing through intermediate stable states

Advanced Virgo +

- → We are now able to bring the ITF from its free swinging state to the working point
 - → It takes around 5 minutes
- → The work now is focused on: *fine tuning the working point* and make the final state robust enough to *keep the ITF controlled during long stretches of time*



To be continued...