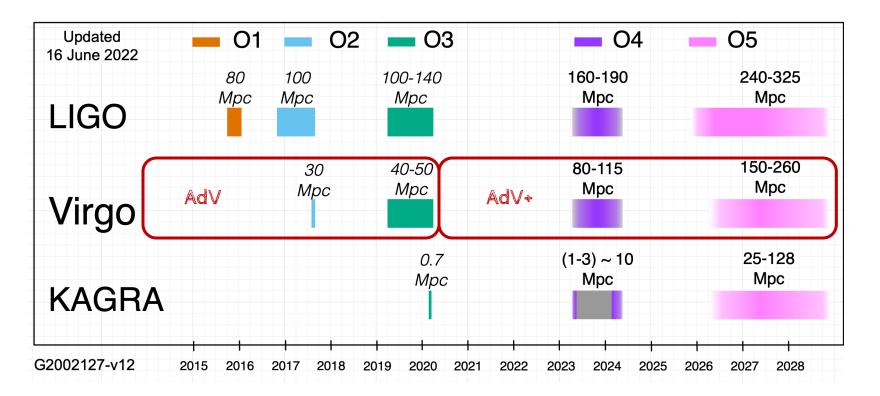


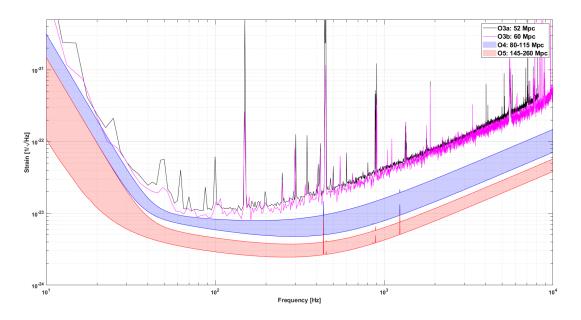
VIRGO: STATUS and PERSPECTIVES

FRAMEWORK

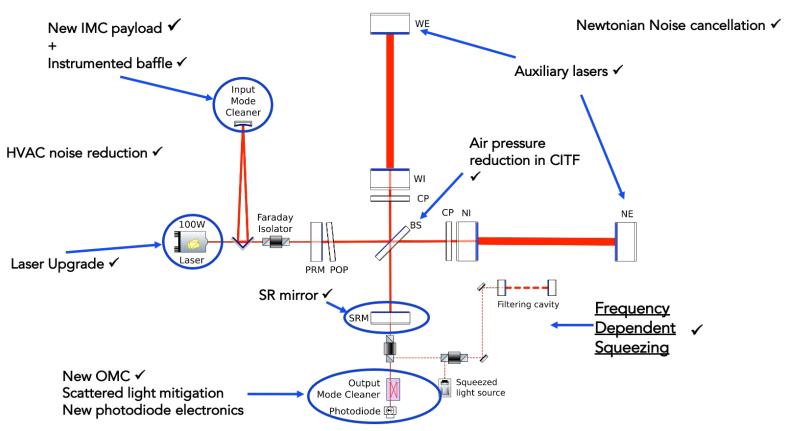


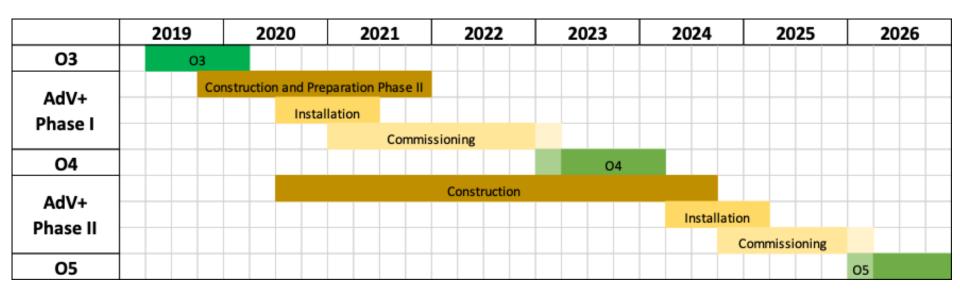


- Virgo has a phased plan to increase its sensitivity: AdV+
 - Phase 1: reduce quantum noise, reach thermal noise limit
 - Phase 2: lower the thermal noise wall



AdV+/Phase 1

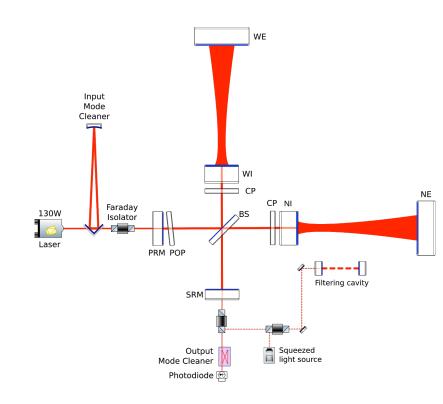




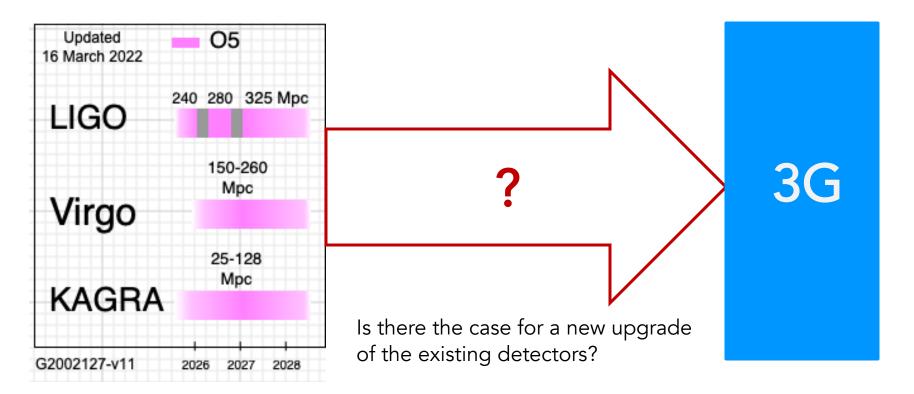


- Larger beams on end test masses
 - 6 cm radius \Rightarrow 10 cm radius
- Larger end mirrors
 - 35 cm diameter ⇒ 55 cm diameter
 - $40 \text{ kg} \Rightarrow 100 \text{ kg}$
- Better mirror coatings
 - Lower mechanical losses, less point defects, better uniformity
- New suspensions/seismic isolators for large mirrors
- Further increase of laser power

 $40W \Rightarrow 60W \Rightarrow 80 W$



Post O5



Virgo_nEXT

- A concept study for a new, substantial Virgo upgrade aiming to exploit the infrastructure to its limits
 - Show that there is the science case for a new (sustainable) investment
 - Identify needed R&D lines and synergies with 3G
- Main goals: make great science, keep the GW community together bridging 2G+ and 3G, reduce risks for ET

- Document submitted to funding agencies
- Not yet a baseline design
- Maintains 1064 nm wavelength, room temperature

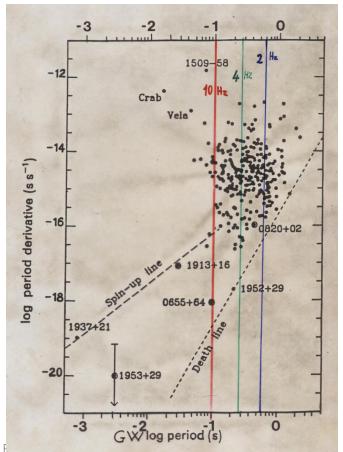
Parameter	O4 high	O4 low	O5 high	O5 low	post-O5low
Power injected	25 W	40 W	60 W	80 W	277 W
Arm power	120 kW	190 kW	290 kW	390 kW	1.5 MW
PR gain	34	34	35	35	39
Finesse	446	446	446	446	446
Signal recycling	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
Squeezing type	FIS	FDS	FDS	FDS	FDS
Squeezing detected level	3 dB	4.5 dB	4.5 dB	6 dB	10.5
Payload type	AdV	AdV	AdV	AdV	Triple pendulum
ITM mass	42 kg	42kg	42 kg	42 kg	105 kg
ETM mass	42 kg	42kg	105 kg	105 kg	105 kg
ITM beam radius	49 mm				
ETM beam radius	58 mm	58 mm	91 mm	91 mm	91 mm
Coating losses ETM	2.37e-4	2.37e-4	2.37e-4	0.79e-4	6.2e-6
Coating losses ITM	1.63e-4	1.63e-4	1.63e-4	0.54e-4	6.2e-6
Newtonian noise reduction	None	1/3	1/3	1/5	1/5

- Virgo_nEXT aims to developing technologies relevant for ET-HF
 - Similar circulating power and test mass weight (1.5 MW/105 kg vs 3 MW/200 kg)
 - Similar squeezing target (10 dB)
 - Coating
- Will continue to pursue the 10 Hz LF challenge, allowing to study/understand LF noises
- Overall, there is a strong **Virgo-ET synergy** in the case for Post-O5

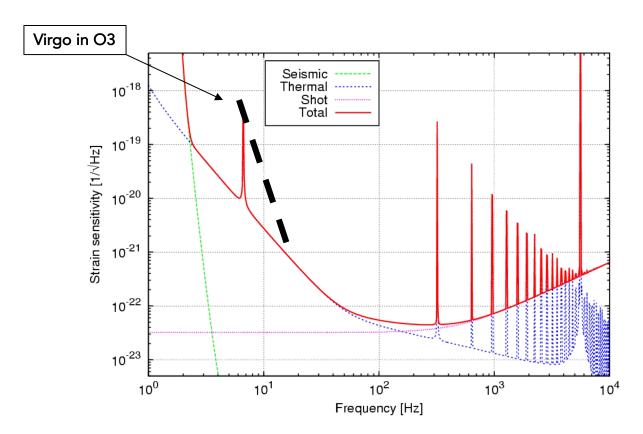
VIRGO: SOME LESSONS LEARNED

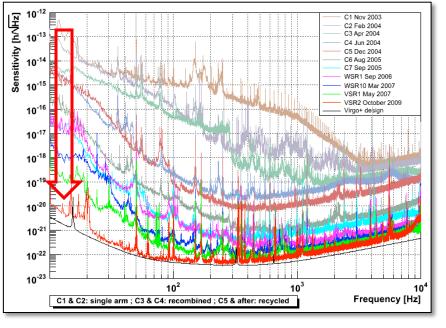
LOW FREQUENCY

- Virgo was conceived a detector with low frequency threshold (10 Hz)
- Giazotto was thinking about detecting continuous sources (pulsars)
- The LF target became the main focus of the Virgo science case: "LIGO is longer and has 2 detectors, but Virgo has the LF sensitivity"



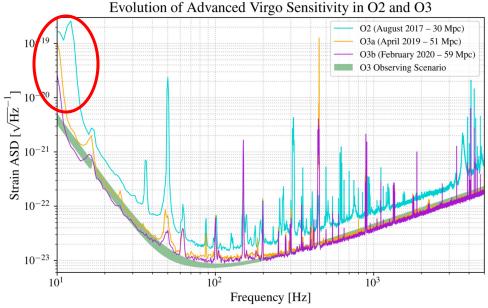
INITIAL VIRGO TARGET



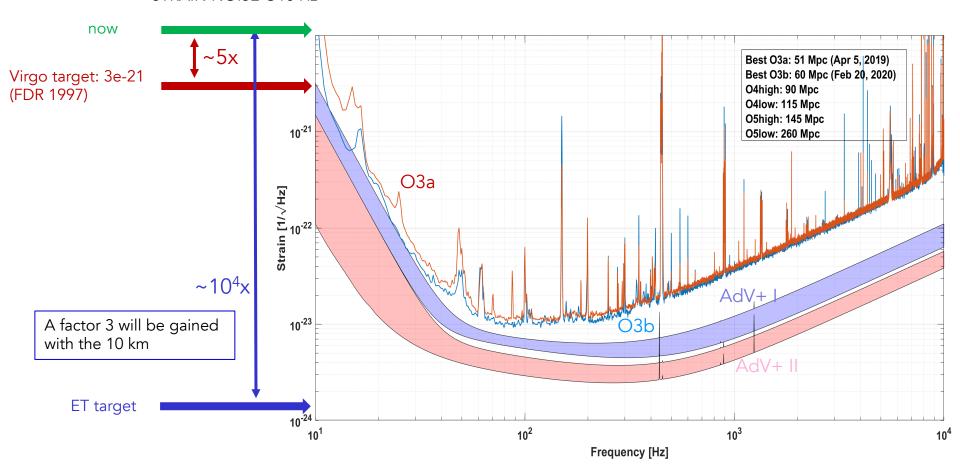


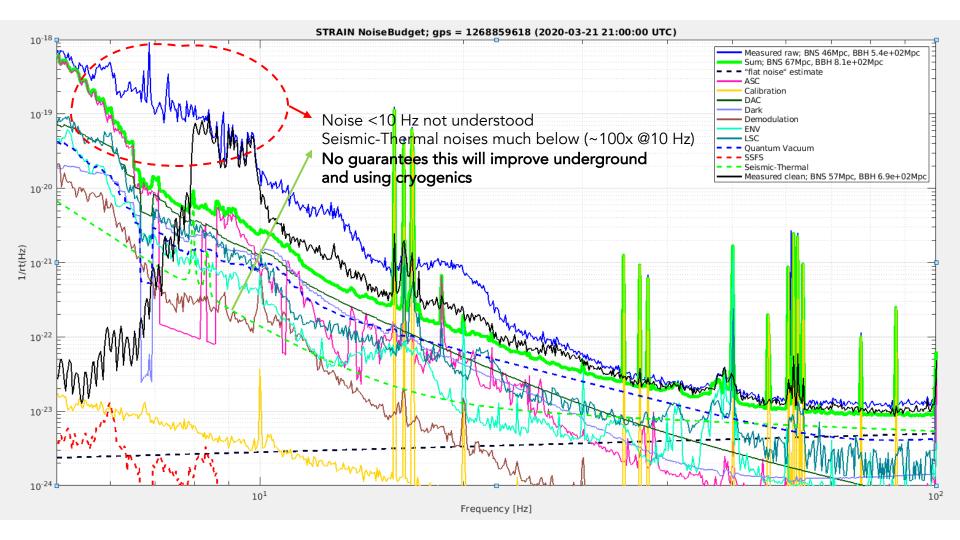
...then it was "stuck" at h>10⁻²⁰@10 Hz despite superattenuators and fused silica fibers

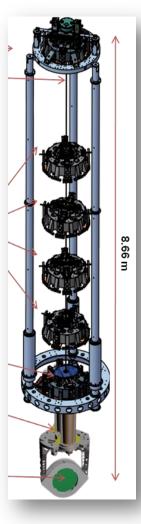
The LF sensitivity improved in the years of the initial Virgo commissioning...



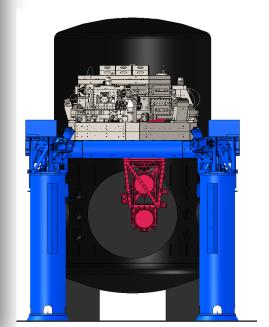
STRAIN NOISE @10 Hz

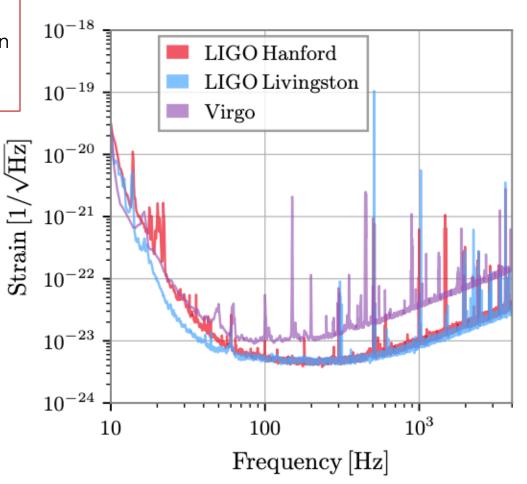




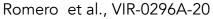


Advanced LIGO/Virgo: different vibration isolation technologies, comparable LF sensitivity

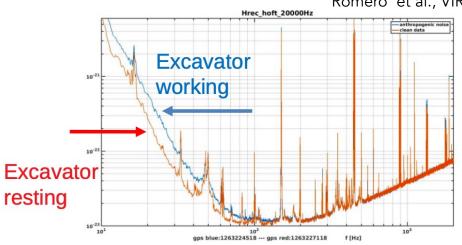




ANTROPOGENIC NOISE

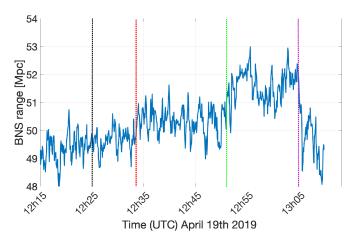




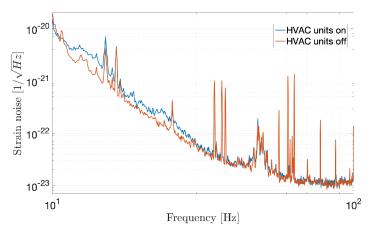


• Virgo experience: machine activity near the site makes interferometer low noise operation impossible

Also, machines in the halls have a direct effect on LF sensitivity

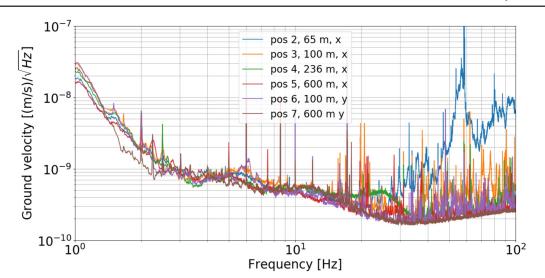


(a) Evolution of BNS range during the sequential HVAC switch off actions.



(b) AdV sensitivity before (blue) and while all heating, ventilation, and air conditioning (HVAC) units were off (red).

Fiori et al, Galaxies, 2020



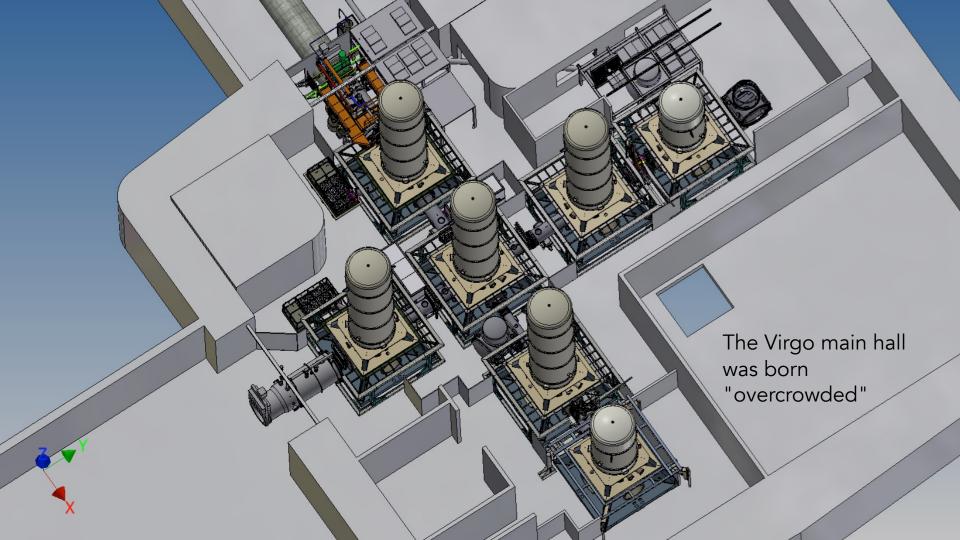
III. SEISMIC NOISE

In this section, we show the analysis results of the seismic data collected in the locations shown in Fig. 1. We need to make a remark. The excess noise that we can see in Fig. 3 at position 2, is greatly reduced during GW observations. Indeed, many noisy machinery are switched off during science mode; however, many others will need to run. Therefore, KAGRA plays an important role in the research and development studies for underground 3rd generation detectors (like ET); indeed, we know that machines such as ion vacuum pumps, cryocoolers, and air conditioners need to work even in science mode to provide the needed working conditions for the detector.

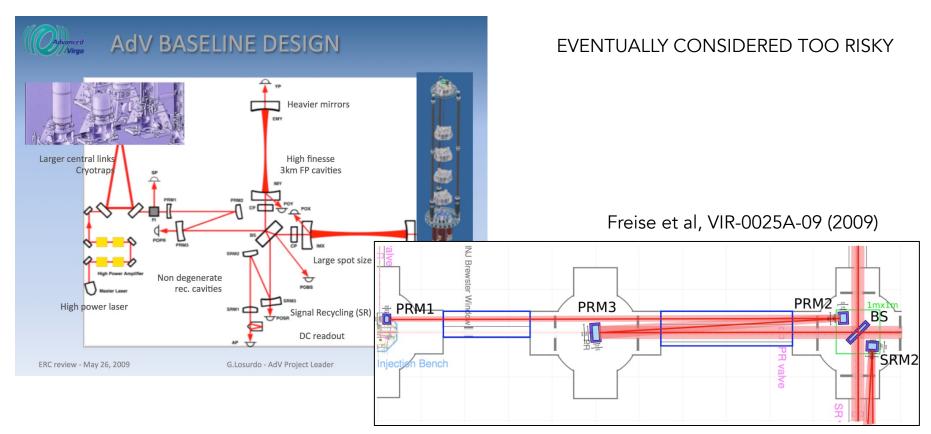
Seismic noise in Kagra cavern largely dominated by machine-induced vibrations above 20 Hz

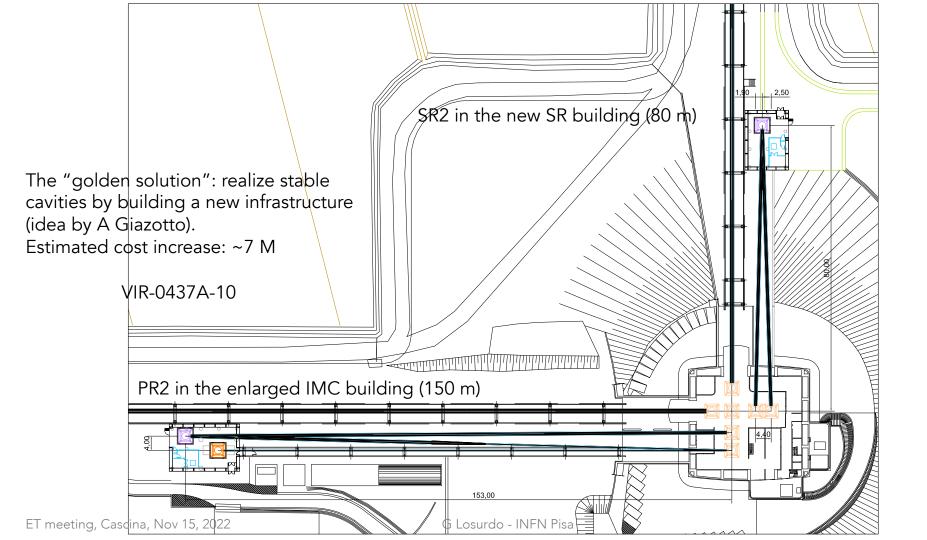
Running machines can partly spoil the gain of being underground

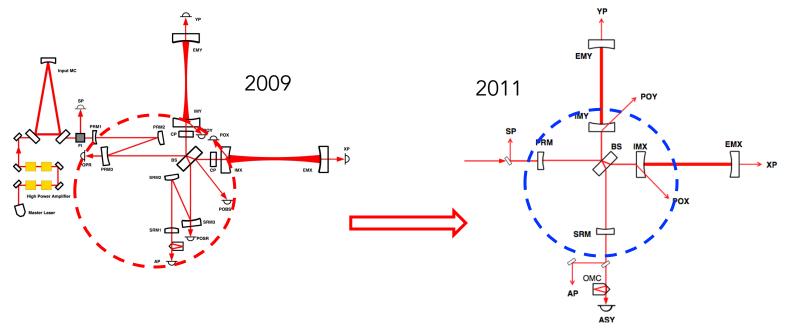
AdV – INFRASTRUCTURE ISSUES



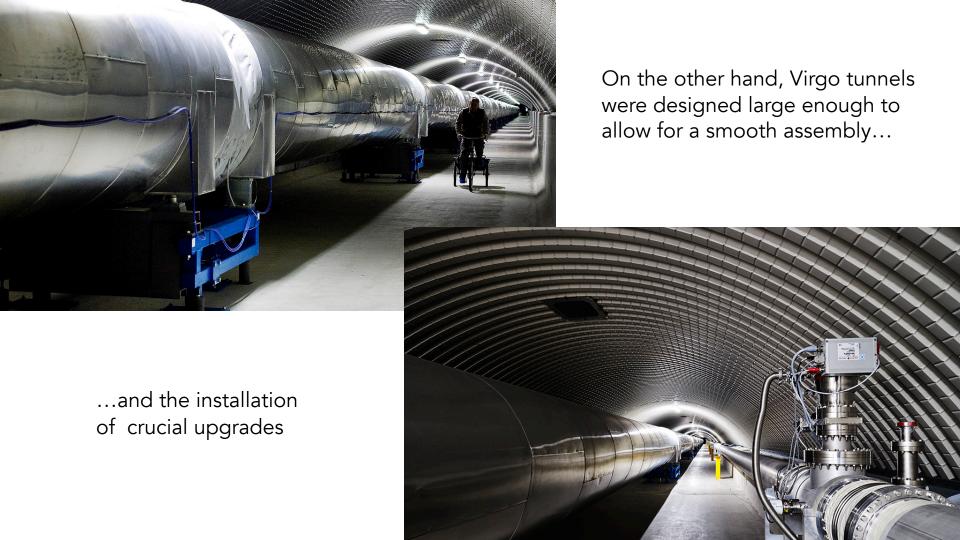
THE 2009 DESIGN WAS BASED ON STABLE RECYCLING CAVITIES IT REQUIRED TO INVENT "MULTI-PAYLOADS": NO ROOM TO ADD MORE TOWERS





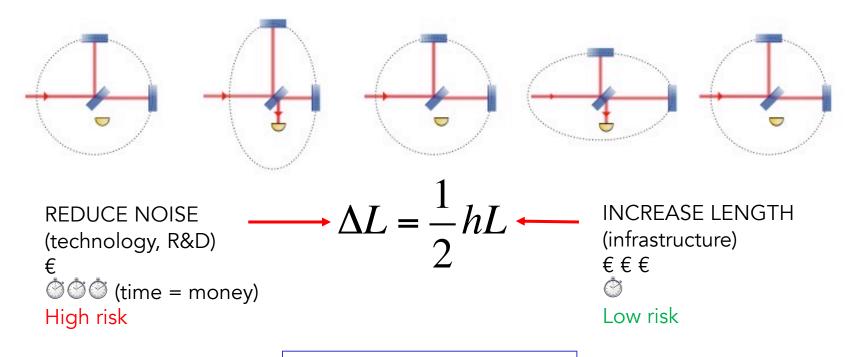


- It was impossible to realize stable recycling cavities (baseline!)
 - Difficult to suspend >1 mirror from a SA
 - No room for more towers, no budget for new infrastructure/vacuum
- AdV was re-designed with marginally stable recycling cavities



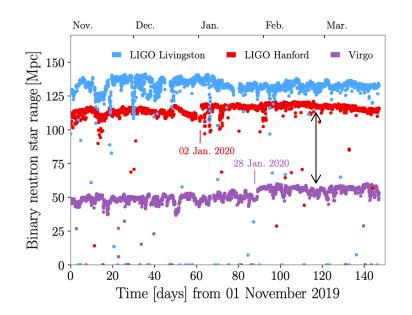
SCHEDULE, LENGTH, NETWORK

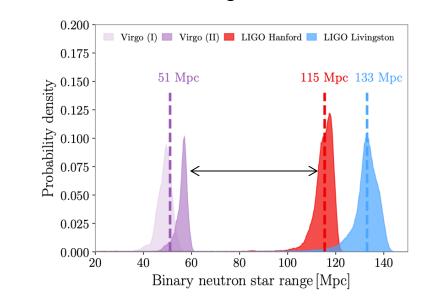
INCREASING THE SENSITIVITY



 $L \times (4/3) \rightarrow rate \times (4/3)^3$

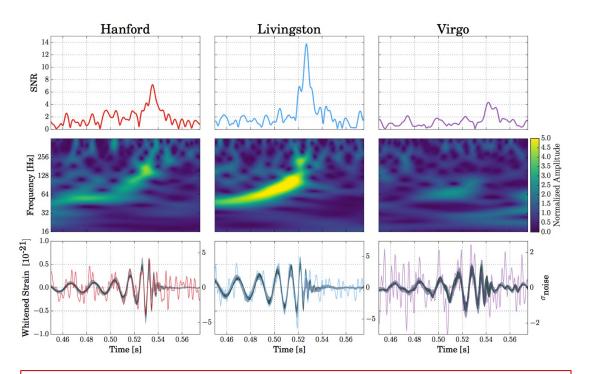
Figure from GWTC-3



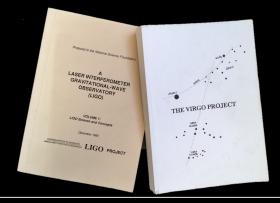


= combined effect of shorter length and 2 yrs of delay

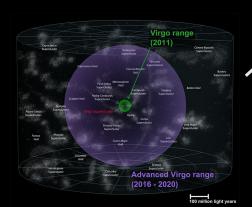
LOWER SNR



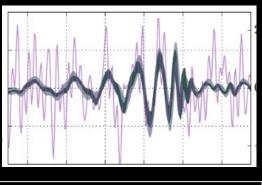
GW170814: Virgo's first event. Since then, many events but almost all at lower SNR



1989: LIGO/Virgo proposal submitted



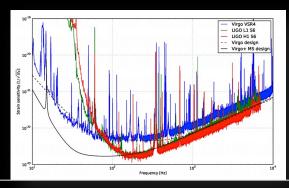
2G Funding: LIGO 4/2008, Virgo 12/2009



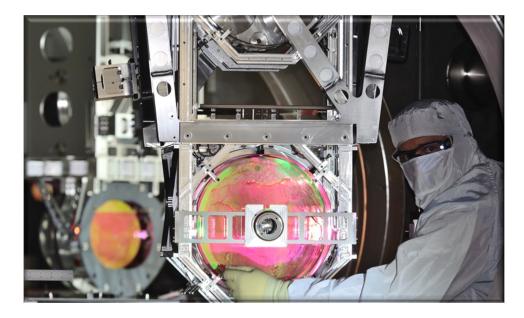
1st signal: LIGO 2015, Virgo 2017



Funding: LIGO 1992, Virgo 1994



1G design sensitivity: LIGO 2009, Virgo 2011



LIGO, SPRING 2013

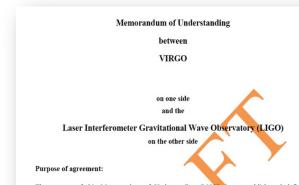


NETWORK

Crucial for GW science:

- Higher reliability
- Better sky/time coverage
- Better parameter estimation
- Better SNR
- MMA

2007: LSC-VIRGO MoU for a "SINGLE MACHINE" A MAJOR STEP FORWARD



The purpose of this Memorandum of Understanding (MOU) is, to establish and define a collaborative relationship between VIRGO on the one hand and the Laser Interferometer Gravitational Wave Observatory (LIGO) on the other hand in the use of the VIRGO, LIGO and GEO detectors based on laser interferometry to measure the distortions of the space between free masses induced by passing gravitational waves.

Astron. Astrophys. 216, 325-332 (1989)

Pursued by resonant bars since the '80s

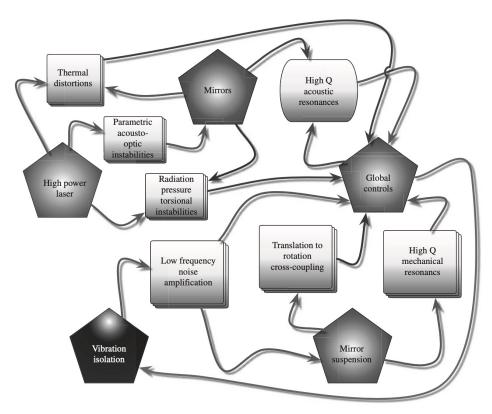
ASTRONOMY AND ASTROPHYSICS

First gravity wave coincidence experiment between resonant cryogenic detectors:

Louisiana-Rome-Stanford

E. Amaldi^{1,3}, O. Aguiar⁹, M. Bassan^{2,8}, P. Bonifazi^{3,4}, P. Carelli^{1,5}, M.G. Castellano^{3,4}, G. Cavallari^{7,} E. Coccia^{2,3}, C. Cosmelli^{1,3}, W.M. Fairbank⁸, S. Frasca^{1,3}, V. Foglietti^{3,5}, R. Habel^{1,6}, W.O. Hamilton⁵, J. Henderson⁶, W. Johnson⁶, K.R. Lane⁸, A.G. Mann⁶, M.S. McAshan⁸, P.F. Michelson⁸, I. Modena^{2,3}, G.V. Pallottino^{1,3}, G. Pizzella^{1,3}, J.C. Price⁸, R. Rapagnani^{1,3}, F. Ricci^{1,3}, N. Solomonson⁶, T.R. Stevenson⁸, R.C. Taber⁸, and B.-X. Xu⁹

SIMULATION



The interferometer



The environmental noises

Figure credit: R Adikhari

- The evolution of the simulation complexity and accuracy in the last years has allowed an increasing impact of the simulation effort in the design and understanding of the detectors
- The GW fields still misses a comprehensive simulation program analogous to what exist in HEP
- This effort should be pursued in the next years in the O5/Post-O5/ET perspective and existing detectors are ideal platforms to learn/test/tune the "Geant4" of GW detectors

MAIN MESSAGES

- Invest in length! It's the safest way to sensitivity
- LF is hard: use Virgo as a risk reducer
 - LF noise not fully understood
 - Anthropogenic noise can be an issue also underground
- The simpler the better
 - Complexity adds performance and schedule risks (non-linear!)
 - Invest on infrastructure flexibility for later upgrades
- Network is a crucial aspect of GW science
- Push on a comprehensive simulation effort

