



Online Computing: Now vs Ideal

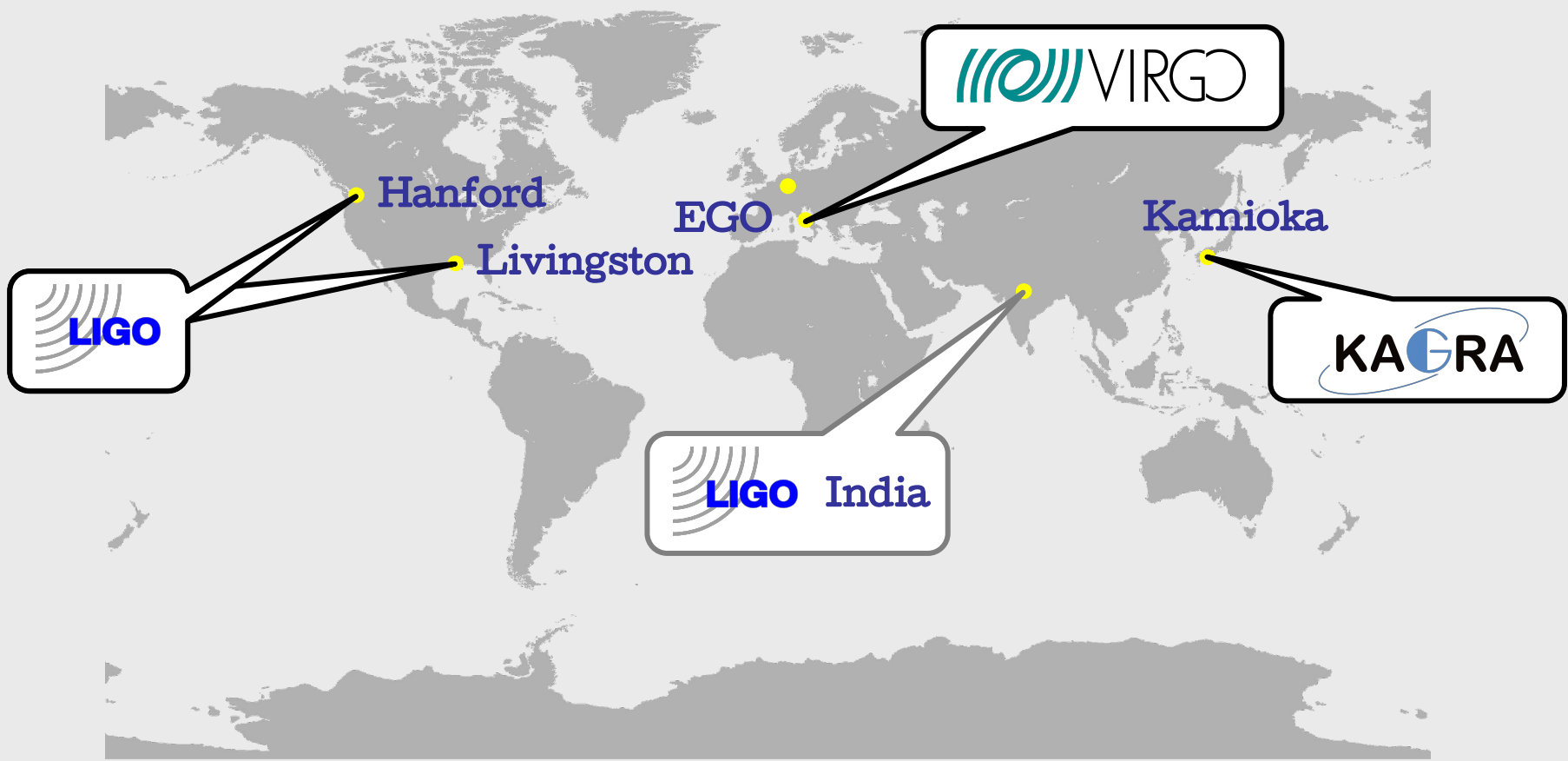
Franco Carbognani – EGO

on behalf of the LIGO, Virgo and KAGRA collaborations

ET-PP Computing Workshop | 08 July 2024

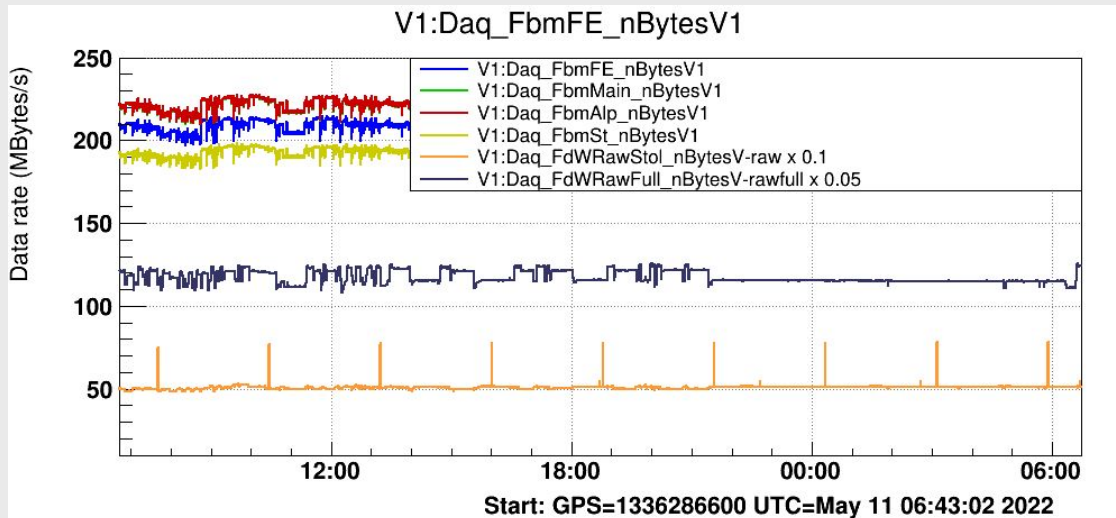
- A Worldwide Network
- Data and data flow schema
- Low-latency Analysis timescale
- The Challenge
- The Common Solutions: Now
- The Common Solutions: Ideal
- Conclusions

A Worldwide Network



Raw Data, ~1.5 PB/yr:

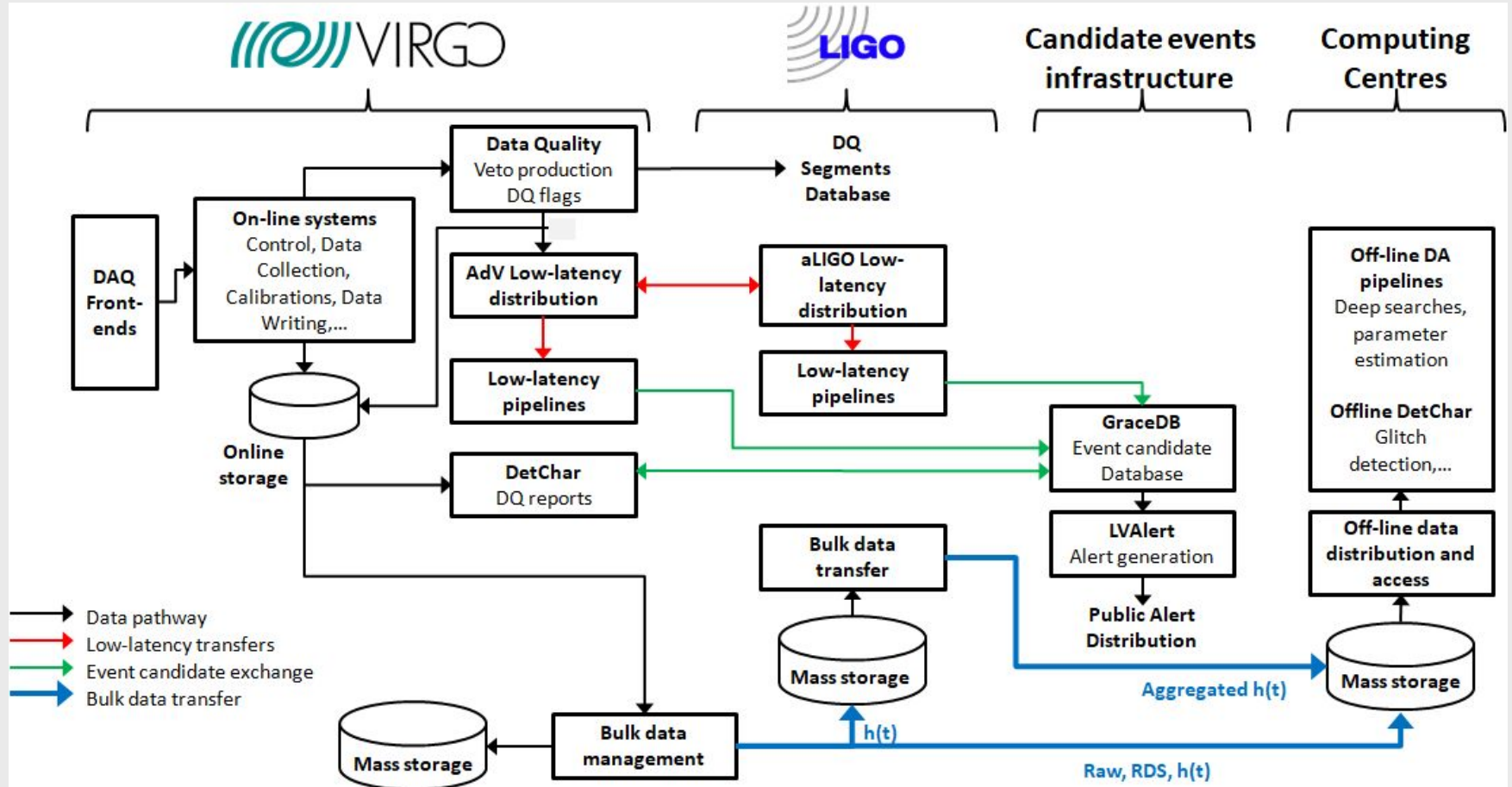
- **Full Bandwidth Raw**, not exported
- **Raw Data**: downsampled, include all auxiliary channels and calibrated/uncalibrated $h(t)$ (~ 50MB/sec -> 4 TB/day -> 1.5 PB/yr), exported to Virgo Tier1 CC (CNAF, CC-IN2P3) for custodial storage during scientific runs
- **A few levels of reduced data sets** for various uses



Data for physics, ~ 5TB/yr/detector:

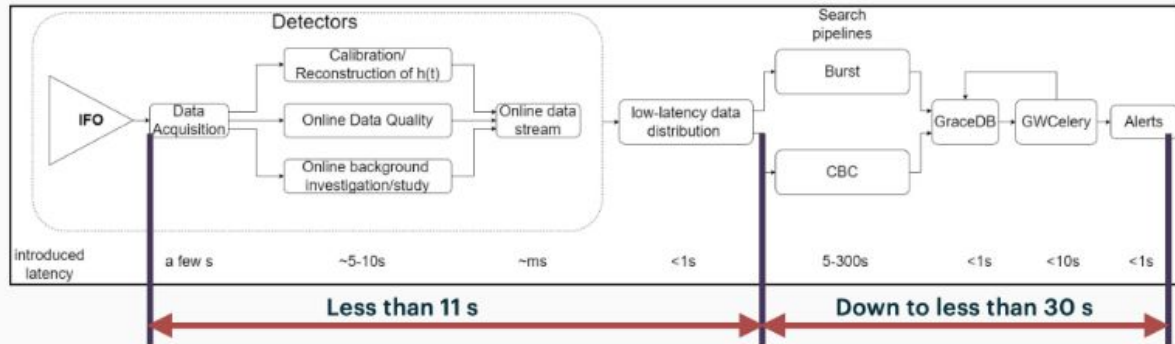
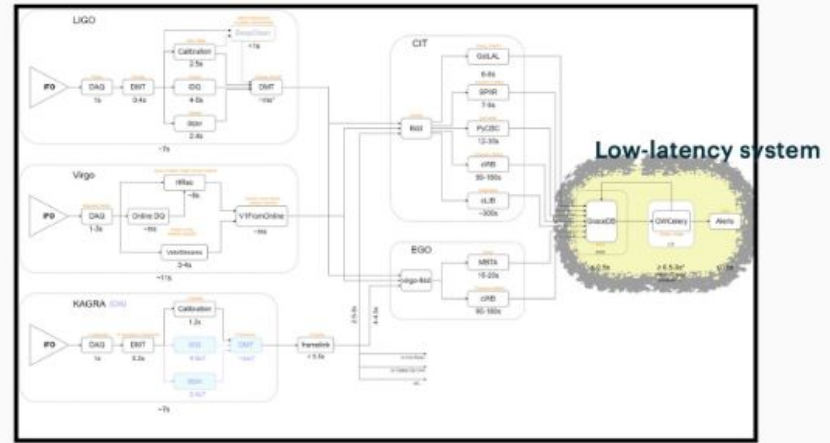
- **Virgo $h(t)$: calibrated «strain» data**
 - sampled at 10 KHz, stored as ~1kSec frame files: aggregated $h(t)$
 - Includes state vector (data quality flags, vetoes,...)
- **LIGO (and KAGRA) $h(t)$**
 - Transferred online to EGO for low-latency searches and made available to IGWN CCs for offline analysis

The Data Flow Schema



Low-latency Analysis timescale

- We are running extensive tests (already started - up to engineering runs) from data acquisitions (synthetic) to alert generation, and we are monitoring latency.
- We have the signal ready to be analyzed online in less than 11 seconds from the arrival of the (GW) signal at the detectors.
- That makes pre-merger alerts possible (with negative latency) and the first preliminary alerts in less than a minute.
- The study will also allow us to test the effectiveness of the online pipeline to detect and assess the properties of the signal.



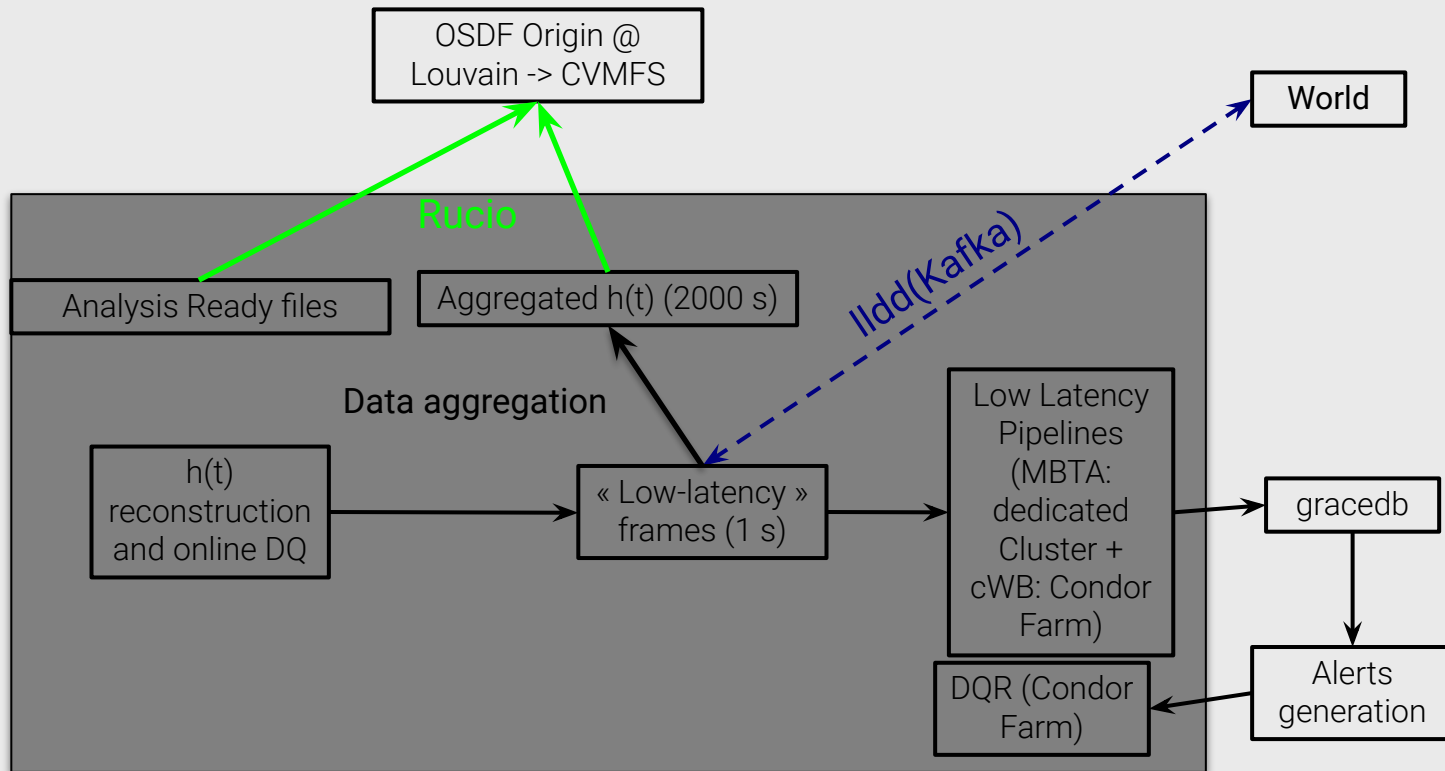
End-to-end latency study group
(<https://wiki.ligo.org/Operations/O4EndToEndLatency>)

The (Online) Challenge

- The geographical separation of the detectors and the short timescale involved (e2e latency from signal detection to alerts generation in the order of 30 sec) imply the creation of a common distributed cyber infrastructure which must guarantee:
 - Adequate **storage and computing resources** for detector characterization, low-latency searches and alerts generation
 - **Low-latency data distribution** among the different observatories and computing clusters for low-latency searches
 - **Bulk** (Aggregated $h(t)$ and raw) **data transfer**
 - An ubiquitous and uniform **running environment** on dedicated resources and heterogeneous infrastructures
 - A robust **support for development and operation**

- Storage and computing resources
 - Dedicated or highly-prioritized resources provided by observatory computing centers
- Low-latency data distribution
 - Kafka + legacy solution (Cm)
- Running environment
 - IGWN environments: Conda + CVMFS
- Aggregated h(t) data transfer
 - Rucio
- Raw data transfer
 - Legacy Solution (based on iRODS and WebDAV)
- A robust support for development and operation
 - GitLab

Main components



- Storage and computing resources
 - High Availability (HA) deployment (on top of Kubernetes)
- Low-latency data distribution
 - Kafka (fully mastering data distribution into large cluster of machines)
- Running environment
 - IGWN environments: Conda + CVMFS
- Aggregated $h(t)$ transfer
 - Rucio
- Raw data transfer
 - Rucio
- A robust support for development and operation
 - GitLab

Storage and Computing Resources

Low-latency storage and computing mainly provided by observatory computing centers

- Low-latency alert infrastructure runs on dedicated resources with high priority to burst out into pool
- Search pipelines run on dedicated or highly-prioritised resources in an HTCondor-managed resource pool
- Fast, direct access to small data files / shared memory
- GraceDB production instance currently deployed in High Availability (HA) on AWS
- Alternative HA deployment via Kubernetes is being tested on INFN-Cloud at CNAF

High Availability (HA) deployment

A research project is ongoing on a Kubernetes-based HA deployment for the alerts generation components (GraceDB, GWCelery, LVAlert) into the CNAF Computing Center Cloud.

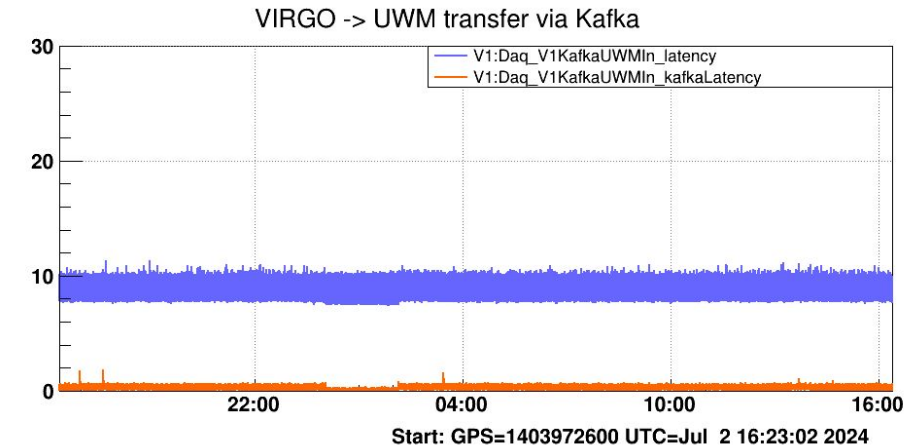
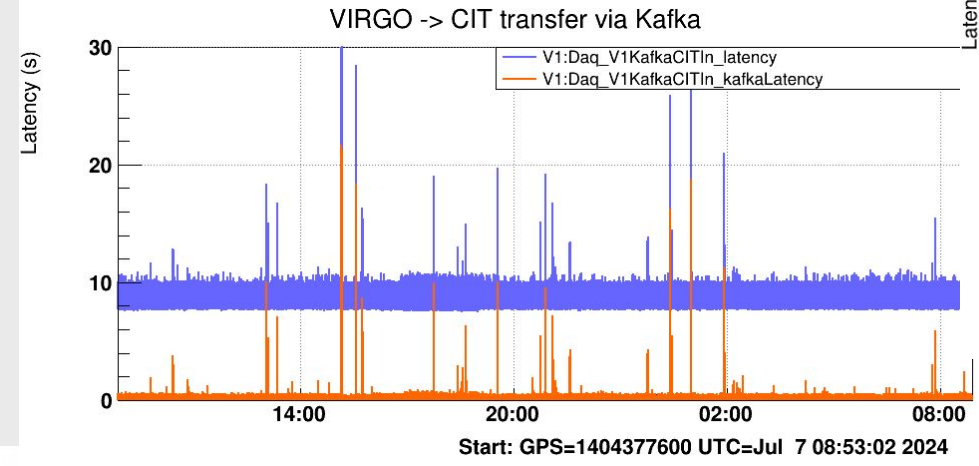
- To exploit support from CCs staff and achieve cloud provider independence
- Provide support for both high-availability deployment using K8S and on-demand HTCondor cluster using cloud-native tools
- A preliminary step to provide infrastructure to run low-latency searches off-site
- Not (yet) targeting a production deployment, possibly the test/playground tiers
- Progress has been slower than hoped.....

Low-latency data distribution: Kafka

- Kafka is a modern high throughput stream processing software
 - Built in redundancy
 - Can survive if stream stops or Kafka broker goes down
 - Replication so no data loss from service downs
 - Highly scalable and reconfigurable
 - Can easily add additional observatories data (done for KAGRA) and quickly reconfigure the network links
 - Production release of IGWN [Low Latency Data Distribution software \(lidd\)](#), build on top of Kafka and jointly developed by Ligo and Virgo, running smoothly in O4b.

Low-latency data distribution: Kafka

- Currently experiencing some latency spikes
 - Traced down to be within the Caltec cluster (CIT) itself and not on the geographical links
 - Need to better master data distribution among cluster nodes via Kafka to proceed also in Cascina to deprecate the Cm based solution



**Sustainable
software
development and
distribution**

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CVMFS

+

Conda

**Conda environments hosted
in CVMFS file system available
at all IGWN sites and CC**

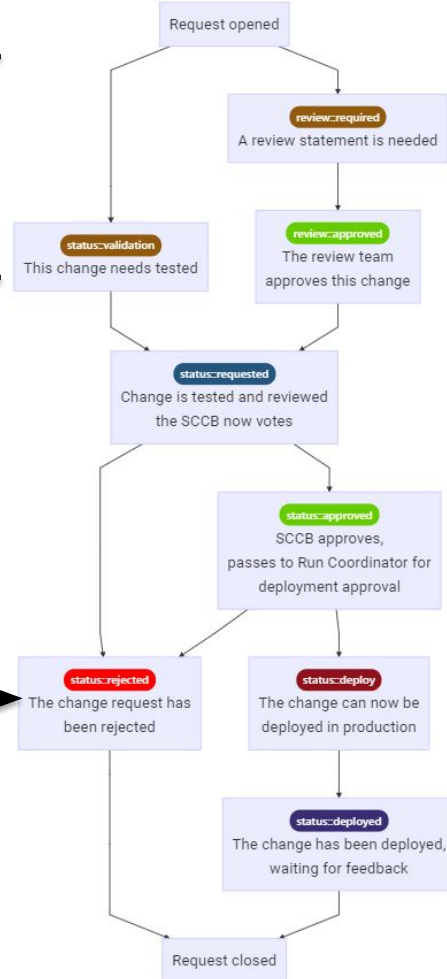
Running Environment: IGWN Conda

- IGWN Conda Distribution provides pre-built, automatically-distributed environments of approved software
- available via CVMFS on any machine (no authentication required)
- can be replicated on any workstation
- Provide effective OS independence
- Leverage on CMake/Meson for software build
- Provide a very effective solution for otherwise unmaintainable number of custom software builds
- On large part of IGWN sites (including Virgo Cascina) the IGWN environment can be activated manually or is by default at user login

Software deployment into IGWN Conda Distribution

Includes:

- Packaging
- Testing
- Scientific review (with the package developer)



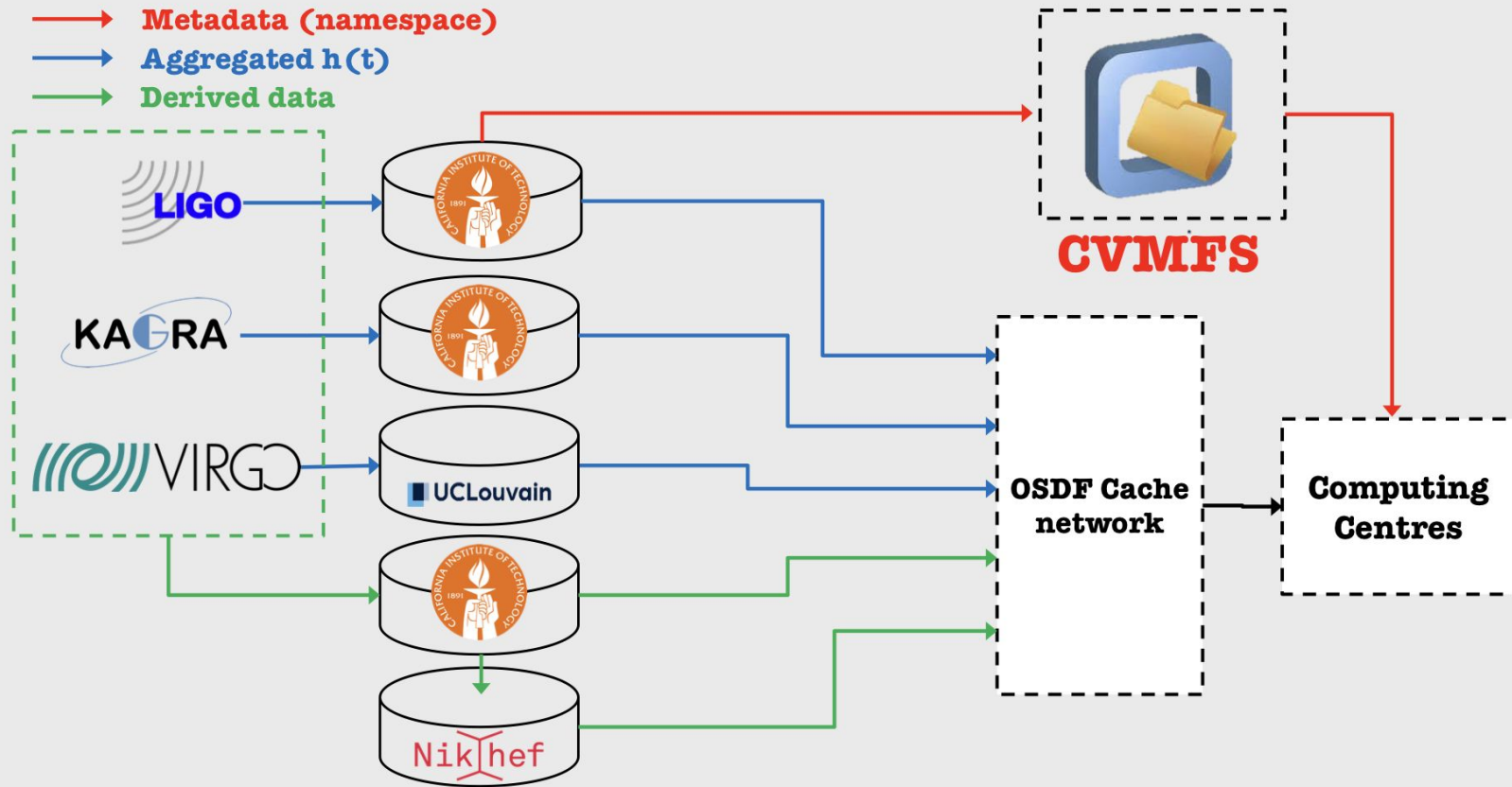
Software deployment is controlled via change control board (SCCB)

Software must be approved by SCCB and the relevant scientific review committee before being used for production analysis

Very rarely happens. Typically, only done if the person requesting the package no longer wants it in the IGWN Conda Dist.

This stage is done by a Run coordinator

Aggregated h(t) data transfer (O4 OSDF configuration)



RUCIO FOR VIRGO

- Virgo data transfers:
 - Managed by Rucio: Aggregated H(t), EGO -> Louvain -> CVMFS
 - Planned to be managed by Rucio: Environmental data (magnetometers), EGO -> Louvain -> CVMFS -> available at CIT
 - For custodial storage (not with rucio): Raw + Aggregated, EGO -> CCIN2P3 and CNAF:
 - Custom transfer framework using gfal and iRODs
 - Low-latency transfers: Kafka based

Next steps:

- During O4:
 - Consolidate transfer infrastructure based on Rucio
- After O4:
 - test and possibly use Rucio also for raw data to CCIN2P3 and CNAF

Aggregated h(t) data transfer

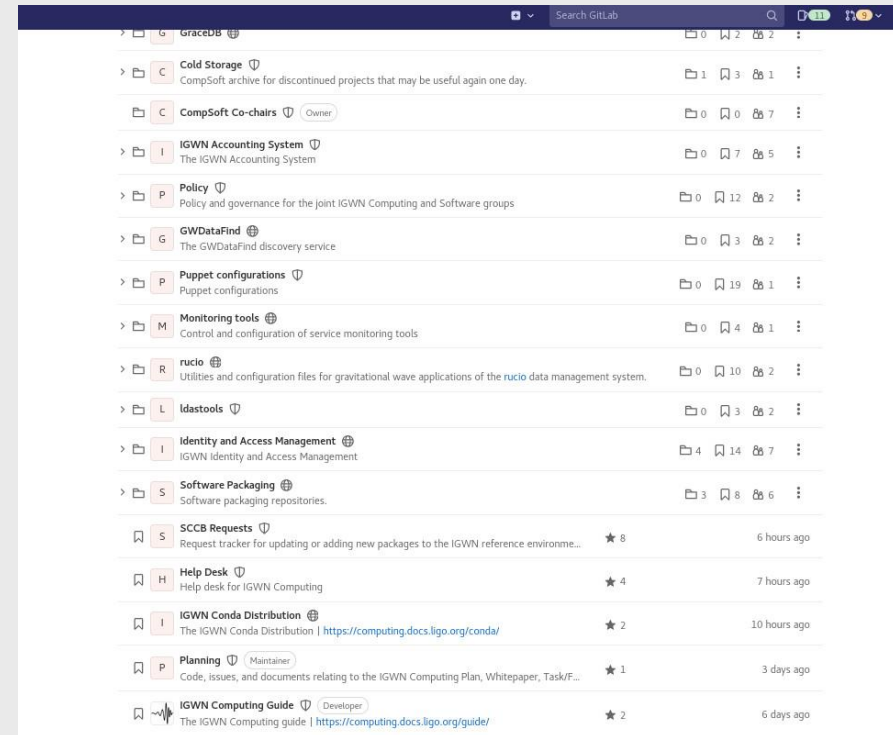
- Aggregated 2000 sec h(t) data (aka online files) have been flowing from Cascina to the OSDF/CVMFS Louvain origin using Rucio since before the start of O4a
- Same mechanisms will be used for the distribution of the offline Analysis Ready files and a test will be soon setup using a set of renamed aggregated h(t) files

- The iRODS + WebDAV Raw data transfer to CCIN2P3 and CNAF is going well and data is flowing into dedicated O4b directories
- Some problems have been experienced on the iRODS to HPSS “translation”
- Preliminary tests on Rucio for raw data transfer have started
 - Infrastructure already setup
 - For the first test, data will be transferred from Cascina to Torino

Development and Operation

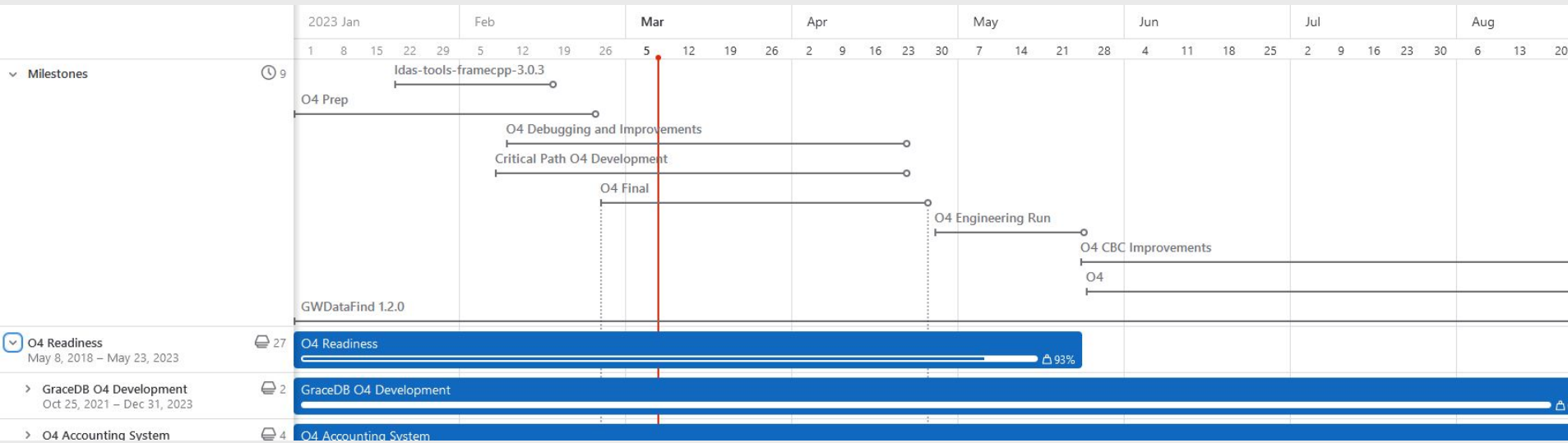
LIGO, Virgo and KAGRA Computing & Software teams increasingly working together using GitLab centered DevOps practices. IGWN Gitlab provides/supports:

- Code repository for IGWN Detectors Control, Data Analysis and Low-latency software
 - Enables easy collaboration on software
- Continuous integration (CI) capabilities to enable the automation of building, testing and deployment of code.
- Software Configuration Control Board (SCCB) activities
- IGWN Computing HelpDesk (via tickets)



Development and Operation

- Conda software distribution management
- IGWN Computing Guide (via GitLab Pages)
- IGWN Computing Planning (via the growing GitLab support for projects management)
 - Issues
 - Epics



- The transition from custom, incompatible LIGO, Virgo and KAGRA-specific infrastructures to a common multi-collaboration infrastructure, based on mainstream tools, is well ongoing and has payed already many dividends (e.g. Gitlab, Conda, Rucio, ..)
- The upgrades implemented in time for the O4b Science Run are serving us well
- We need is to steadily proceed within the identified common solutions path